THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1870. | VOLUME II---NUMBER 203

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FEBRUARY 12.

Editorial Correspondence.

ST. JOHN'S RIVER, FLA., Feb. 8, 1870.

Dear Constitution: The trip down the St John's River from Jacksonville to Palatka is very picturesque. It is true the banks are low, but the scenery, while not varied, is still pretty. The arrangements for travel in Florida are getting to be excellent. There is railroad communication to Tallahasse and St. Marks. While daily steamers now run on the river. This steamer upon which I am now riding, the "Florence," is a handsome new one, just put on. Mr. John Clark is the agent, and Jacob Brock, the Captain. The accommodations are fine. They give you as good a breakfast as you would care to eat. Parties leave Macon half-past eight in the morning, get to Jessup at five in the evening, on the Gulf road, take a sleeping car at seven, get a good night's rest, arrive at Jacksonville at seven in the morning, take the boat at half-past seven, get a number one breakfast on the boat, arrive at Picolata at twelve, take the stage and get to St. Augustine in three hours. At every eligible point on the river and in the interior hotels are built to entertain guests. They all feed well—strawberries and green peas are standing luxuries.

THE IMPEACHMENT OF GOVERNOR REED FAILS.

There has been considerable excitement in the State over the attempt to impeach Gov. Reed, the Radical Governor of this State. The episode is interesting enough to merit a few words. It illustrates the Radical idea of official purity.

The charges against the Governor were so clear that an investigation was inevitable. A committee of five was appointed to examine the matter. On Friday last, four of the committee made a majority report recommending impeachment; one made a minority report, urging the Governor's discharge. After a long debate the minority report was adopted, and the Governor declared "whitewashed." The vote stood 29 to 21. Of the 29, there were 26 Radicals and 3 Democrats. Of the 21, there were 6 Republicans.

Thus it seems there were 3 Democrats for acquittal and 6 Republicans for impeachment. The vote was received with great Radical noise.

I propose, having given you results, to briefly notice the charges and the evidence, to show that the case was clear against him; that Radical ideas of official integrity are peculiar, and that a Radical Assembly need never be expected to impeach a Radical Governor, whatever his guilt.

Governor Reed received from a Geo. W. Swepson $5,000, as a private loan, on certain Florida bonds, in violation of law.

He received $1,150, in currency, on the State Internal Improvement Fund, and failed to account for it, except in State scrip, using the money.

He received $12,500 for calling an extra session of the Assembly, in June, 1869.

He received $6,498 of State funds, in currency, on the sale of bonds of other States, belonging to the State, used the money, and accounted for it in State scrip.

He bought $21,070 of arms for the State at $4.50 each, and returned them to the State as having cost $7.50 each, pocketing the difference.

These are the main charges, the most of them clearly proven, all established beyond moral doubt.

The minority report that was adopted deals with the matter in that novel manner that certainly illustrates characteristically the new fangled system of political morality, that has been inaugurated by the Radical creed.

Unable to controvert a single charge, to refute a scentilla of the evidence, documentary or verbal offered, or to remove the clear, indisputable conviction of guilt, this minority report, made by one Mr. White, of Clay county, who reports in the plural, using the word "we," makes the following refreshing statements:

"We find instances of conduct on the part of the Governor, that, in our opinion are, to some extent, informal, irregular and indiscreet, particularly in his connection with financial matters. We also find a lack of co-operation and accord existing between the Governor and a portion of his Cabinet, which indeed appears in their respective official reports, that goes far to palliate or perhaps excuse the irregularities referred to."

The plain English is that the Governor has used money illegally, that all of his Cabinet wouldn't join him in stealing, and that this abominable refusal to cooperate in swindling the State goes far to palliate or excuse the rascality. This is unsophisticated logic of the first water. It is fine a specimen of Radical ratiocination as I have struck in many a long day.

That Mr. White of Clay is certainly an *paragon* original "*white-washer*." He is well named.

But this remarkable minority report don't stop here in its grotesqueries. It has to find a good reason for jumping clear over undeniable guilt. So, it with an affecting amount of tender simplicity, appeals to the Legislatures.

Patriotic love of our common country, universal desire to promote the general good, conscientious regard for the precept of justice and truth, to sanction the Governors stealing, for the irresistible reason, to be carried from looking forward to the probable results, that may reasonably, indeed almost certainly, be expected to follow in the present unsettled and excited state of the public mind.

Oh! most lame and impotent conclusion, oh! most racy and original specimen of Radical literature!

The Legislature took White's novel view of things; the Governor, with his pockets heavy with unaccounted for public funds, sailed out scott free; official peculation is gloriously vindicated; the Radicals' right to steal in Florida is established on a gratifying basis of immovable stability; the precedent for the impeachment of other impecunious but piratical Southern Governors is laid down, and, in the words of the elated Radical reporter of the affair to the Jacksonville Florida Union, that grandest of earthly objects is secured—"the Republican party of Florida has been saved."

The Governor is in a state of great moral exaltation. He is convicted of stealing, but is acquitted of the penalty to save the Republican party. The happy man!

The Radical party of the State is corrupted. The rascality of its leader has been the means of its preservation, and thus its principles are vindicated. Lucky consistency!

THE ST. JOHNS RIVER.

A farther view of this river discloses some really exquisite scenery. Much vegetation has put out, and the banks present frequently the freshest green, all the more beautiful because in contrast with the bleak sterility of nature farther North, to which the traveler has so long been accustomed during the winter months; and, also, because so out of chime with our usual ideas of February. The eye lights upon attractive settlements every few miles, where orange groves, handsome dwellings and the other evidences of refined life adorn the scene, and vary the natural beauties of the river. The villages are mostly little bits of places, looking very neat, and well alive with the bustle of Northern periodic immigration.

A.

☞ See Fourth Page.

The Old South and the New—A Great Country and What Its Future Promises.

From the Courier-Journal.]

I beg first to thank the Green Line Company for the opportunity, otherwise not in my power, of visiting States whose future is of vast commercial importance to us and the whole Northwest. I believe that the excursion was auspicious in every respect, and will be productive of reciprocal advantages to both sections thus brought together. I myself went South with many dismal forebodings as to the future of that country, but I am glad that the visit inspired me with more hope. I visited Northeastern, Middle, and Southwestern Georgia, and Charleston, South Carolina, and all the way talked with whites and freedmen, as I met them, as to the condition of the country. Some hoped, many desponded.

CAUSES OF DEPRESSION.

I. The labor of the whole South is thoroughly disorganized. Around the railroad depots are found large numbers of idle negroes, and every train of cars carries many of them drifting from one place to another. From some parts of Georgia and Carolina, as from Virginia, numbers emigrate West, seduced thither by promises of high wages; some go away because not paid by their employers of last year; some go to rejoin kindred in the West, some from one cause and some from another, but hundreds have gone and are still going. The tide of emigration has begun, and like the Indian, the black man begins to disappear toward the setting sun.

Besides, no negro women now work in the field. One-fifth of the former labor of the South is thus withdrawn. Scores of young men are seeking the work of the towns and cities. Many live by politics.

II. The Government is as destructive to public and private prosperity as it possibly can be. Military rule is either present or threatened; taxes are inconceivably oppressive and misapplied when collected; the decisions of the courts have confused the law; the exemption of the property from judicial sale prohibits the collection of debts and harasses the merchant, and in short every imaginable social and political evil exists. But you will see, in spite of all this,

THE GROUNDS OF HOPE.

I. The people everywhere are inspired with determination to wait and work. They cannot all abandon the country, and they are resolved to make the best of their condition. To that end they try to keep up a cheerful heart and a ready hand.

II. Many white people have gone to work in the fields. This, in part, supplies the loss of the black labor. In several instances white women have planted and gathered the crop.

III. There is an universal use of fertilizers by which one acre of the best lands is made to produce, even with little labor, very fair crops.

IV. The high price of cotton completes the causes of their present ability. Merchants told me in Augusta and Charleston that they were now selling more goods for cash than they sold before the war on a twelve months' credit. I was surprised at this, and said to one, "How is it that, with an old worn-out country all around you; negroes formerly in the field now lounging at the depots or in the town, or traveling up and down the roads, and an utter breaking up of social life and the fortunes of the better classes; with high taxes, wicked government, political disabilities—how is it that your trade has increased?" He replied, "The high price of cotton, the use of fertilizers and the increased number of white laborers give the people a very considerable prosperity; not so great as before the war, but more than is supposed. The blacks buy more expensive goods, and the whites, having no useless ones to support, no negroes to buy, are enabled to live quite expensively, as in former times."

To this there are local exceptions. Charleston is one. That city seems to have revived less than Augusta or Atlanta. I saw but one private carriage on the streets of that city, though I was there for a part of three days. It is evident that

ELEGANT PLANTATION LIFE IS AT AN END.

The refinement and culture that before distinguished plantation society will settle in the cities. The plantations will be surrendered to the poor tenants, white and black, or the small land owner, into whose hands the agriculture of that country must fall. Some plantations have no white person on them—none are fully worked. It is remarkable that their schools are kept up as prosperously as ever by the wealthiest country people and the trade people of the towns. Fewer of the middle class are in the schools than formerly. The wealthy have enough left to educate their children, and the towns-people trade upon what is made, as so have means for this end as formerly.

EUROPEAN LABOR.

My theory is confirmed by my observations that European laborers will not settle in the South as long as the region of the snow and ice is open to them along the Pacific Railroad. The negro will disappear in the lapse of time from the South, and his place will be supplied, not by the European or the Asiatic but by a class of white labor native to the South. The end of this is already begun. As I have said, the negro, like the other dark races of this continent, is going homeward toward the West, or is fast dying in his present latitudes. The births are few, but few that are born live, and the decay of the dark race has begun with regular and rapid power.

THE SOUTH WILL BELONG TO A WHITE RACE,

Born on its soil, working only its best lands, and leaving its poorer soils to rest for the support of its far distant and more numerous white sons and daughters.

During the transformation the trade with that country must fluctuate with its fluctuating ability. It is probable that the white labor will not increase as rapidly as the black labor will fall, and so for years affairs must be much unsettled in the South. In the meantime the South must buy its meat and much of its bread. The idle negro lives upon petty plunders, and no small cattle are permitted to live. There, too, will be a need for our hemp, mules and horses. If the Northwest, if Cincinnati would unite with us of Kentucky, and with the South, in tearing the shackles of fiendish government from that country by whose trade we all live, it would have a life and development of wonderful energy and hope.

NOT A SINGLE NAIL OR YARD OF CLOTH OR POUND OF CASTINGS

Should be bought by Southern merchants beyond the Ohio river so long as the merchants of that section unite with the fiendish haters of the South in impoverishing and humiliating it. Let the irritating and insulting Radical military rule be withdrawn. Every Cincinnati excursionist must have seen that soldiers are no more necessary in Georgia than Ohio. Let the white people, as with them, rule white capital. Let wisdom and temperance make and adjudge the laws, and the trade with the South will revive with a new and growing life. Give it half the chance of the Northwest and it will return a commerce of its golden crops.

EXCURSIONIST.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

☞ There are 1,500,000 documents and pamphlets lying in the vaults of the Capitol waiting the frank, and more are being printed every day. Congressmen are exerting themselves to get all these through the mails before the privilege is abolished.

☞ School teachers and blacksmiths are in special demand in Arkansas.

"TELL ME."

How to put the question,
Teach me, humming-bird—
You who win all sweetness
And never say a word!

How shall I come near her?
Teach me, wind of May—
You who toy with apple blossoms
Nor brush the down away!

Shall I sing or say it?
Or do eyes tell best?
Nay, it is a'ready
A secret half confessed.

How to win the answer—
For I am sure she knows—
Tell me, dew and sunshine,
How you ope a rose?

Georgia News.

The Columbus Enquirer says that the robin crop is large, and they are offered for sale at fifty cents per dozen.

The Thomasville Enterprise has been shown a turnip, grown by Mr. Drake Key, of Baker county, which weighs 12½ lbs., good weight.

The Newnan Herald announces the death of Mrs. Jerusha Redwine, wife of John Redwine, Esq. The City Council have reduced the tax on retailers' license from $500 to $300.

The Macon Telegraph states that at a called meeting of Defiance Fire Company, No. 5, it was determined by the Company to attend the firemen's celebration at Augusta on the 22d instant.

The Savannah News says the stock of cotton at Savannah, on hand and on shipboard not cleared, including upland and sea island, amounts to 75,681 bales, being an increase of 14,070 bales over the same time last year. Rev. James Stoney is dead.

The Covington Enterprise states that on the morning of the 8th inst., a negro woman named Mary Harris, aged about fifty years, on Judge Spence's lot in Covington, dropped dead, as was supposed from Apoplexy.

The Augusta Constitutionalist states that despairing of the discovery of an oil mine elsewhere, some very enterprising individuals have recently tapped the oil lamps in different parts of the city, emptying the cups repeatedly of their contents, and leaving the neighborhoods in outer darkness.

The Rome Commercial says there are twenty-five cases of measles at Cave Spring. Only one death had occurred. No arrests in Chattooga county. The commanding officer says that he has the names of a hundred young men, but will not arrest them as he can do nothing with them.

The LaGrange Reporter states that seventy-nine pupils are attending the LaGrange school; one hundred and three at the Southern Female College; seventy-one at Hogansville High School, and that the LaGrange Female College is being re-organized.

The Augusta Chronicle announces that work is rapidly progressing on the new Jewish Synagogue, and the building will soon be finished.

Professor King intends giving another balloon ascension in this city on the 22d, the day of the parade of the Fire Department. Last Wednesday the Clerk of the Superior Court of Burke county, Mr. Albert Blount died. Mr. J. D. Munnerlyn has been appointed to the position.

The Covington Enterprise says that a new schedule for the delivery of the mails on the Georgia Railroad, is now in operation, which is particularly inconvenient for all the Post-offices on the route. The way-mails now arrive in the night both from the East and West. Can not some more reasonable arrangements be inaugurated than this, by which our Atlanta and Augusta papers are thrown back twenty-four hours in their arrival?

The Macon Telegraph learns from a clerk in the Central Railroad office, that up to this time no less than *eight million* pounds of guano have been received and delivered into the hands of dealers and consumers at Macon since the 15th day of last November. Eight million pounds more have passed over the road to other railways and gone into the country—generally to Southwestern Georgia. This total amount of sixteen million pounds does not, of course, include that of local manufacture and that coming from other points. The receipts are now averaging 200,000 pounds per day, which will continue without diminution until the 15th of March, after which it will more or less fall off. There are now 500 car loads at Savannah to come forward, all of which has already found a market, or at least has a prospect of ready sale as fast as received. The receipts are nearly, if not quite, double what they were last season.

☞ In reply to the objections of the counsel for the defence, a Virginia justice said he didn't care about "consecutions," and would try de case anyhow, and if dey didn't have satisfaction, "dey could repeal agin his excision."

☞ A young girl of St. Petersburg murdered her lover the other day, packed his body in a trunk, and sent it by express to his parents at Moscow, completing her barbarity by marking it C. O. D.

☞ There are said to be 7,000 laborers out of employment in San Francisco. The old Parisian plan of street improvements is proposed to silence the clamor for bread.

☞ In Johnson county, Kansas, corn is now being burnt as fuel, as it was once in times before the war.

☞ A Berlin professor has found out that all children are born with blue eyes; the darker hues come later.

☞ The Russians are actively pushing the culture of the tea plant in Turkestan with very satisfactory results.

☞ Cincinnati's tendencies are hoggish, it has packed 370,000 hogs so far this season.

☞ At the conclusion of a tin wedding in Hartford, the couple found a baby on the door step which somewhat marred the harmony of the hour.

WHAT DOES REASON SAY?—The little mongoose when bitten by a deadly serpent resorts to a certain plant, eats of it, and escapes the effect of the poison. That is instinct. Human beings on the other hand, must depend on reason and experience in selecting the means of protecting health and life against unwholesome influences. Now, what does reason say on this vital subject? Does it not tell us that to invigorate and purify the system is the best way to protect it against the invisible poison which generates disease? Surely it does. The next question is, what guide shall we follow in choosing a medicinal safeguard? Reason replies, let your monitor be experience. Well, the experience of eighteen years, comprised in one unbroken series of satisfactory testimonials, assures us that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters possess strengthening, regulating and antiseptic properties which are not combined in the same happy proportions in any other preparation extant. This, therefore, is the antidote to which reason bids us resort when our health is imperilled either by the malaria which produces epidemic disorders, or by any other cause, whether inherent and constitutional or connected with our habits, occupations and pursuits.

The venom of a noxious reptile is scarcely more subtle and dangerous than that which lurks in foul air and impure water. To escape the fevers, bilious disorders, disturbances of the bowels, and other serious maladies produced by these insalubrious elements, it is absolutely necessary that the stomach and all the secretive organs should be, so to speak, in a robust condition. Upon the amount of resistance which the vital system can oppose to the deleterious influences that assail it, the safety of the health depends, and it is because the great vegetable invigorant imparts energy and regularity to the most important functions of the body, that it can be recommended and guaranteed as an invaluable preventive medicine.

feb6-deod1w&w1t

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special Telegraphic Cor. of The Constitution.]

Gibson before the Judiciary Committee.

Caldwell on the other side.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—Gibson read a printed statement before the Judiciary Committee, and submitted the printed defense of Bullock with other documents.

Caldwell made a statement on the other side, and the Committee then took the subject under consideration.

ARGUS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The House is considering the appropriation bill. The committees are doing nothing.

The Senate held no session.

The Judiciary Committee heard Georgia matters very briefly, and are now considering nominations.

HAVANA, February 12.—Velder, who was murdered on Sunday last, was killed from revengeful not political motives.

The agreement of the merchants to fix the sugar tare at fifteen per cent. has been dissolved.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, February 12.—Stocks firm. Money easy at 5a6. Exchange—long 8⅞; short 9⅛. Gold 1 20⅛. 1862 coupons 14¾. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 56¾; new 51. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons, 62; new 64. Louisiana sixes—old 74¼; new 69. Levee sixes 74; 8s, 84½. Alabama eights 94; 5s, 62. Georgia sixes 80; 7s 92. North Carolinas old 45¼; new 25½. South Carolinas, old 86¼; new, 82.

Flour quiet, firm. Wheat a shade firmer and quiet. Corn steady. Pork lower; mess 27 50. Lard dull at 15½a15¾. Cotton dull at 25¼. Turpentine drooping at 48. Rosin steady at 2 20a2 22½ for strained and common. Freights dull.

LONDON, Noon, February 12.—Consols 92⅞. Bonds 87½.

LIVERPOOL, February 12.—Cotton yesterday evening steady; uplands 11⅛; Orleans 11¾; sales 10,000 bales; export and speculation 2,000 bales.

City and Suburban Affairs.

DEATH OF NATHAN L. HUTCHINS.—We regret to learn that Judge Nathan L. Hutchins died at Social Circle last night at eleven o'clock. His exit was calm and peaceful. Full of years and honors at the age of seventy-one years, Judge Hutchins fell asleep, leaving the memory of a well spent life behind. He was loved by the people of Gwinnett and adjacent counties as a father, and his death will carry sadness into many a family circle.

THE BERGER FAMILY.—It was a pleasure to us last night, to witness the chaste and finished entertainment of the Berger Family.

Miss Maud Stanley sings sweetly and with feeling.

Miss Anna Berger, in the Lingard songs, eclipsed the originator himself in their rendition.

The Cornet Quartette was an exquisite gem, as was the harp solo, by Mr. Whitcomb.

The performances on the bells remarkable for their soft, sweetly musical flow, surpasses anything of the kind ever seen on our stage.

We take pleasure in commending the Berger Family as the "Ne plus ultra" Bell Ringers. They are finished performers on any instrument.

Sol Smith Russell, the embodiment of humor and fun, kept the large and appreciative audience convulsed with laughter during his original character songs, and eccentric facial delineations. In his *role* he stands without a superior if he has an equal.

They give their last entertainment to-night. We bespeak a full house.

Supreme Court—Morning Session.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.]

ATLANTA, Feb. 12, 1870.

Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 16, Flint Circuit.

No. 17 is E. Steadman vs. Jas. P. Simmons, complaint from Newton.

A. B. Simms, Clark & Pace, for plaintiff in error.

Jas. P. Simmons for self.

It was argued.

But one other case remains on the Flint Circuit.

ROMANCE OF REAL LIFE.—John M. Wood, of North Adams, Mass., who was reported to have been garroted and robbed, had the good fortune to win the affections of a young lady in New York, who dying left him her property, and this supplemented upon the death of the girl's mother by all her fortune. Altogether Wood received about $30,000 in money and an elegant residence in the metropolis. The story of the courtship is somewhat romantic. He was on his way to New York on board one of the Troy steamers when he met the young lady. They fell into conversation, and it was soon evident even to Wood's simple understanding, that the lady was desperately in love with him. Whether she forced the courting, or whether he first "told his love," we are unable to say; but it was not long before Wood was the happy possessor of the information that the young lady had loved him because of his resemblance to a young man to whom she had been engaged, and who was torn from her by the rude hand of death. She loved him not so much for himself as for another; and dying she testified her devotion by leaving him all her property.—*Troy Times.*

☞ It is known to geographers that the river Oxus once flowed into the Caspian Sea, instead of the Sea of Aral, as it now does. It is proposed by Russian engineers to turn the river back to its original course, thereby securing a means of water communication from the Caspian Sea to the heart of Asia. As the river Volga, with its branches and connecting canals, now affords the means of navigation between the Caspian and the Baltic, the scheme, if successful, will be of the greatest military advantage to Russia. Men and munitions of war could be sent from Cronstadt to Afghanistan at a smaller expense and with much greater rapidity than by the present land route. The preliminary surveys for the work are now in progress.

☞ A railroad watchman in Ohio fell asleep on the track the other night, with his lantern in his hand. The lightning express came along, tossed him upon the cowcatcher, and carried him to the next station, with only a broken leg.

☞ A Vermont doctor recently gave up a case as hopeless, and on his way home broke his leg, while, to illustrate more fully the uncertainty of human predictions, the man he had doomed to death recovered in time to make him a pair of crutches.

☞ The venerable Peter Cartwright, having served sixty-five years as a Methodist minister, and for fifty consecutive years as a Presiding Elder, is now devoting his time to lecturing on "The Rise and Progress of Methodism in the West."

☞ In a case recently on trial in Maine, a witness incidentally stated that there were three posts in his bag-yard. Being asked what they were for, he replied, with some hesitation, that his three children were buried there.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

OLIVER & WADDAIL.

200,000 LBS. Bulk Meats.

HAMS, Sides and Shoulders.

5,000 LBS. Jowls and Pates.

8,000 LBS. Well Trimmed Smoked Hams.

200 Cans Choice Leaf Lard.

Corn, Oats, Flour,

AND HAY.

HOWARD Kiln Lime.

For Sale Low by

OLIVER & WADDAIL,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,

feb2-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES MORRISON & CO.,

Pork Packers and Commission Merchants,

CURERS OF SUGAR CURED HAMS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF LARD OIL, AND

PURE FAMILY LARD.

Office 17 Pike's Building, CINCINNATI, O.

jan27-d1m

HENRY'S

CARBOLIC

CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR,

—OR—

BLOOD CLEANSER!

This medicine is known to the faculty as being the concentrated fluid extract of Sarsaprilla united with

CARBOLIC ACID

For the Cure of

SCROFULA and CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is compounded expressly for purifying and cleansing the blood of all impurities, going at once to the fountain head of disease. It extinguishes

Tumors, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Boils, Rheumatism, Waste of Vitality, Scrofula.

We all know that the promiscuous vaccination indulged in during the late war, bred the most villainous diseases. Vaccination pus was taken from the arms of many full of scrofulous sores. Then of course the impurities of the Scrofulous patient were absorbed in the blood of men otherwise without diseases, and both became infected alike. Men, women and children throughout all the west are most wofully diseased from this cause, and knew not until a few months ago, the origin of it

HENRY'S CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR

Relieves the entire system of Pains and Aches, enlivens the spirits, and sends new blood bounding through every vein. It imparts a

Sparkling Brightness to the Eye.
A Rosy Glow to the Cheek.
A Ruby Tinge to the Lips.
A Clearness to the Head.
Brightness to the Complexion.
Buoyancy to the Spirits.
And Happiness on all Sides.

For all affections of the kidneys is unsurpassed. People have been rescued, as it were, from the very jaws of death, by a timely use of this great remedy.

EXTRACTS FROM VARIOUS LETTERS.

"I was vaccinated in hospital. Before that I had no skin disease. Until I had a bottle of your Constitution Renovator sent me by Mr. Roper, of Columbia, Mo., I suffered tortures with running sores. Since I used two bottles, I am all well except a small sore on the calf of my leg, and that is getting well fast."

This is from a lady: "And now my skin is as clear and fair as a baby's. My complexion, thanks to your Renovator, is beautiful."

"Yes, yes, I may say such relief was unknown to me before. Enclosed find five dollars for six bottles; two families here want to try it."

"I was very much troubled with syphilis. Your remedy seems to be curing me fast. Send four bottles per express."

"No more rheumatism. Three bottles of Constitution Renovator have made me a new man."

"Doctor, enclosed find $5. Please send me a supply. Two families here want to try your Constitution Renovator."

We have not space for more of the above extracts, but you can ask your neighbor about the remedy. Every one has something good to say, as it cures every time. For all diseases of the

Kidneys, Retention of the Urine, etc., and for female diseases, Nervous Prostration, Weakness, General Lassitude and Want of Appetite, it is Unsurpassed.

CAUTION.—In ordering our remedy, always place the number of our post-office box on your letters. The new law in our New York Post-office compels this. Address,

DR. M. E. HENRY & CO.,

Director General Berlin Hospital, Prussia. Agency of the United States; Laboratory, 776 Pearl st, Post-office Box 5873, New York.

☞ Constitution Renovator is $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5. Sent anywhere on receipt of price. Patients are requested to correspond confidentially, and reply will be made by following mail.

Sold by all respectable druggists. feb1-dly

CLARK'S

"O.N.T."

Spool Cotton

IS THE BEST FOR

HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

FOR SALE BY ALL

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEALERS.

dec25-dawl6m

Notice! Notice!!

ALL Furniture made by the Chamber Manufacturing Company, at Dalton, Ga., may be delivered in Atlanta [illegible] $25 per car load. [illegible]

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price Lists. july27-dly

Educational.

Griffin Male Institute.

GEO. C LOONEY, A. D. CANDLER, A. M. } Principals.

THE SPRING TERM of 1870, will begin January 18, and embrace six scholastic months. The entire expense to a pupil of this School, for

TUITION AND BOARD,

Including Lodging and Fuel, for the Spring Term, need not exceed $120, to be paid in advance.

Apply to Principals for Circulars.

Griffin, Ga., Dec. 13, 1869-d3m

LaGrange Female College,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA.

THE EXERCISES of this Institution, under a new organization, will begin

Monday, January 24, 1870.

The College building will be thoroughly repaired and elegantly furnished. The Board of Instruction will be constituted of the

BEST EDUCATORS

that can be secured in the South.

For further information address:

REV. MORGAN CALLAWAY,
President LaGrange Female College,

dec21-d2m LaGrange, Ga

LANDSBERG'S LUMBER YARD,

Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

SAWED SHINGLES AND LATHS,

Dry and Framing

LUMBER,

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

Made upon Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to orders outside of the city. feb10—

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,

feb8-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

NINETY CENTS.

J. PURLEY, at the OLD ORIGINAL DOLLAR STORE, opposite the National Hotel has this day reduced the price of all Dollar Goods down to

NINETY CENTS.

Will open THIS WEEK a large stock of Silver-Plated five bottle Castors, Ladies White Tuck Skirts, Parasols, Vases, Jewelry and many beautiful and useful goods. All of which he offers at the extreme low price of

NINEY CENTS EACH—BELOW COST,

To make room for the DOLLAR BUSINESS I am now offering my entire stock of fine Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

Below Cost.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired promptly and warranted

☞ Particular attention given to fine watches.

DOLLAR STORE, Opposite National Hotel.

feb8-d3c

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak,

SYCAMORE,

AND SO FORTH, in any quantities, which must be good and dry, for which the highest cash price will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

Small quantities will be received.

The Company has purchased the best gear variety Moulding Machine and are prepared to do every kind of Serpentine and Scroll Work on Newel Posts, Banisters, Veranda Posts, Bedposts, Table Legs, Hand Rails, Brackets, and in fact we are prepared to stick moulding on any Scroll Work [illegible] the curve is not quicker than one inch and a quarter. We do all kinds of Turning, make all kinds of Furniture, [illegible] all kinds of straight or [illegible] mouldings on hard or soft wood; make all kinds of Picture Frames, and as an inducement [illegible] the trade we sell much cheaper than any other firm in the city.

Liberal Terms Offered to the Trade.

We make Ornamental Wood Letters for Signs for cheaper than they can be painted. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

Works, Race Track Street, near McPherson Barracks.

WARE-ROOMS—HAYS & GARRETT'S OLD STAND, near the old Whitehall House,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

All kinds of Lumber and Produce received in exchange. [illegible]-dly

VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE AIR-LINE.

The Great Fast Freight Line for the South and Southwest.

THROUGH to Principal Points without transfer. Low Rates and Quick Time. Claims promptly adjusted.

TOM BENTON SMITH,
Soliciting Agent.

Savannah Notices.

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT, JAMES BAGGS, H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep29-dtf

JOHN H. KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Atlanta, Georgia.

Forsyth Street, between Opera House and Railroad. jan14-d3m

THE TOSELLI PATENT ICE MACHINES,

PRODUCING transparent Ice in 10 to 20 minutes, simple in construction, requiring no steam power. Suitable for all climates and easy to manipulate. The refrigerant consists of harmless chemicals, which is evaporated after every operation. Cost of Ice in quantities, $6 to $8 per ton. Address G. S. NEWMAN, No. 31 Maiden Lane, New York. dec28-dly

BULK MEAT, CORN, HAY, ETC.

50,000 LBS Bulk Meat.
5,000 Lbs. Lard.
20,000 Lbs Wheat Bran.
100 Bales of Hay.
200 Barrels Flour.
100 Sacks and half Sacks Flour.
500 Bushels Corn
25 Barrels Apples
50 Barrels Russet Potatoes.

For Sale low for Cash by

CHARLES F. BENSON,

Provision and Produce Com. Merchant,

jan8-dtf Forsyth St., near State House.

WM. H. HULSEY. W. A. TIGNER.

Hulsey & Tigner,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ATLANTA, GA.

Office up First Stairway below James' Bank, Huge's Building, Whitehall Street, will attend to all business entrusted to them in the Circuit, and will also practice in the U. S. Court for the Northern District of Georgia.

jan27-d1m

MARIETTA PAPER

MILL.

WE ARE AGENTS

For the above Mills.

We keep constantly on hand a large Stock of Printing Paper, of all sizes for Newspapers. Also, Wrapping Paper for sale at Manufacturers' prices.

OLIVER & WADDAIL, Agents,

6-12-d3m Cor. Alabama and Forsyth Sts.

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR

PARIS

By Sunlight and Gaslight!

A WORK descriptive of the Mysteries, Virtues, Vices, Splendors and Crimes of the City of Paris.

It tells how Paris has become the gayest and most beautiful city in the world; how its beauty and splendor are purchased at a fearful cost of misery and suffering; how visitors are swindled by professional adventurers; how virtue and vice go arm-in-arm in the beautiful city; how the most fearful crimes are committed and concealed; how money is squandered in useless luxury; and contains over 150 fine Engravings of noted places, life and scenes in Paris. Agents wanted; canvassing books sent free. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.

jan22-d1m Atlanta, Ga.

UTLEY PLOW.

I AM Sole Agent here for this best and cheapest of all Plows. Price $5 50. Send orders soon.

Horsford's Bread Preparation.

If you want delicious Buckwheat Cakes, Healthy Biscuit, Good Bread, Good Health, Long Life, use this best of all Yeast Powders. For sale wholesale and retail by

MARK W. JOHNSON.

jan23-dtf Broad street.

Paris Importation.

NOTICE to the lovers of Plants and Flowers that Mr. PELLORCE, just arrived from France, has

OPENED FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

In No. 4 Franklin Printing Building, an exhibition of the most extensive and choice collection of Plants, Flowers, Bulbous Roots, Fruit Trees and last novelties of grafted Rose-trees, Flower seed, etc., etc. feb10d1w

PLEASANT ROOMS,

—AND—

DESIRABLE BOARD.

CAN be had on East Hunter Street, a few minutes walk from the Car Shed and Churches. Apply to G. W. ADAIR.

feb11-d1w

A. A. WEST, Late with Steadman & Simmons. J. F. WEST, Late with A. J. West & Co.

A. A. WEST & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

COUNTRY PRODUCE AND LIQUORS,

PEACHTREE STREET,

feb11-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

To the Merchants of Atlanta

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

STARTING from Savannah connects at Jessup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates.

If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements

For loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship

"Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

Call on Mr. E. ANDERSON, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't, 229 Broadway, cor. Barclay st.

Post-office address, Box [illegible].

[illegible] New York, February 1, 1870.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance.

DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum $10 00
Six months 5 00
One month 1 00
Single papers 10

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

CLUB RATES.

Ten copies ...... [illegible]
Twenty copies ...... [illegible]

News dealers liberally contracted with.

WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per annum 2 00
Six months 1 00

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of *TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER LINE* for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than *ONE DOLLAR.*

Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices," *TWENTY CENTS PER LINE* for first insertion, and *TEN CENTS* for each subsequent insertion.

The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

MASONIC.

ATLANTA LODGE, NO. 59, meets in Ryan's building, Whitehall street. Regular Communication the Second and Fourth Thursday's of each month.

G. T. ANDERSON, W. M.

W. W. GRANT, Secretary.

LAWYERS.

BAUGH, GARLINGTON & ARNOLD have associated themselves in the practice of Law, and will attend all the Courts in the Atlanta Circuit, and in Henry, Clay and Forsyth. Office in Granite Block, near Railroad Bridge.

ROBT. BAUGH. | A. C. GARLINGTON. | MILTON ARNOLD

MYNATT & DELL, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta, Ga., office in Hillyer's new Building, on Alabama street, between Broad and Whitehall streets, over the Georgia Loan and Trust Company's Bank. nov7-dtf

T. STOBO FARROW, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga. Office on Broad street, Granite Block, No. 2—adjoining rooms of "Young Men's Library Association." oct31-d6m

EVAN P. HOWELL, Attorney at Law, third room, up-stairs, Moore & Marsh's new building, Decatur Street july1-dly

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin and Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan7-dtf

E. B. MARSHALL AND W. BRADLEY, Dentists—Front Rooms over Lawshe & Haynes' Jewelry Store, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., Whitehall street, second door above Lynch & Co's Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. nov19

UPHOLSTERY.

A. ERGENZINGER, Upholsterer and Dealer in Furniture and Manufacturer of Bedding, Feathers Renovated, Hunter street, near Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. oct31-dtf

Hotels.

HUSON HOUSE,

Kingston, - - - Georgia.

THE above House has been refurnished and will be kept as a first-class House.

MRS. H. HOPKINS,
C. A. SMITH.

jan14-d6m

PLANTERS' HOTEL,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

JOHN A. COLDSTEIN,

Has been re-opened and furnished complete in every department, and is strictly a first class Hotel. [illegible]

NATIONAL HOTEL,

RAILROAD AVENUE, between 8th and 9th Streets, Twenty Rods from Passenger Depot,

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Terms ...... $2 50 per Day
Single Meals ...... 50 Cents.

A. L. MILLER, Proprietor.

LaGRANGE HOTEL,

P. P. HALL ...... Proprietor,

LaGRANGE, GA.

COMPETENT and attentive porters will attend upon the arrival of each train. This Hotel has been thoroughly refurnished with new and elegant Furniture, and is really a first-class House. jan9-6m

TIBBS HOUSE.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

Dalton, Georgia.

aug1-dtf

PEEL'S RESTAURANT,

MARIETTA STREET,

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

JOHN PEEL, Proprietor.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS RESTAURANT is connected with his Confectionery and Bakery, and has the advantage over many Restaurants for

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Crackers,

PURE WINES, BRANDIES & WHISKIES,

Oysters, Fish, Game, Etc.

Conducted by himself and wife. Everything quiet and respectful. For ladies and gentlemen only. [illegible]

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

Hall, Cotten & Weaver,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Offices in Atlanta and Thomaston, Ga.

WILL practice in the counties of Fulton, Cobb, Campbell and DeKalb. Captain J. A. Cotten will give his attention to business in the above counties, and will be found at all times in the office in Atlanta. Will also practice in the counties of Upson, Pike, Crawford, Taylor, Talbot and Meriwether, in the Supreme Court of Georgia and in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia. Messrs. Hall & Weaver will give attention to business in the above counties and will remain in the office in Thomaston, Ga. dec15-d6m

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 265 Broadway, N. Y.

No. 721 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

feb1-d6m

FOUND.

THREE bunches of KEYS, which the owners can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. [illegible]

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY,

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FEBRUARY 12.

NEEDS RECONSTRUCTING.—The laws of Maine are to be so reconstructed as to disfranchise paupers. Maine evidently needs reconstructing. If she would black her paupers and carry them to Washington City, they would be fed and voted.

WHAT THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE COSTS. According to the Postmaster-General's report, 237,000 franked letters were sent from the Washington Post-office, in January, at a cost of $15,000, and one hundred and fifty tons of printed matter—"public documents"—at a cost of $38,000.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—Mrs. Woodhull, Claflin & Co., female stock brokers, have opened an office in Wall street, New York. It is not stated whether they belong to the "bulls" or "bears." Thus, little by little, the woman's rights movement gains headway.

An Exhaustive Review of Gov. Bullock's Message---Its Glaring Inconsistencies and Inaccuracies Shown Up.

Editor Constitution: The remarkable message transmitted to the Legislature by Gov. Bullock, on the 2d inst., is of such a character that it deserves more than a passing notice.

While it is impossible to repress the feelings of indignation that flash like an electric shock through every nerve and fibre, as we read the villainous slanders therein uttered against the outraged people of Georgia, by the "Provision-al" functionary, yet, if "forewarned is forearmed," this unvailing of the infamous programme that has been concocted by the piratical crew now holding high carnival over the prospective destruction of all the social and material interests of the State, has indeed placed every honest citizen under a lasting debt of gratitude.

The unparalleled usurpations of power that were resorted to in manipulating the organization of the Bullock-Blodgett Agency—falsely styled "the Legislature of Georgia," had satisfied the most hopeful, that a bold and desperate game was being played, yet no one was prepared for a *denouement* fraught with such hideous dangers to the public weal, as that foreshadowed by this extraordinary document. Could devilish ingenuity have devised a scheme better calculated than this, to inflict irreparable injury upon our good old Commonwealth? Has there been a proper and full realization of what would be the condition of our public and private affairs, in the event of the consummation of the purposes so boldly and confidently avowed?

With what are we threatened? With four more years of robbery, plunder and lawless power, under a false and disingenious construction of law. We are told that the Legislature of 1868 was a bastard concern, with no legal rights—that its acts are nugatory—and that it was never legitimatized and properly invested with legislative authority, until February 2d, in the year of our Lord, 1870! And, *ergo*, that it "must commence again at the precise point" where it started, viz., *the 4th day of July*, 1868." The "precise point" aimed at by the Governor and his co-conspirators, is the "Provision-aling" of themselves out of the public larder, for the full term for which they were elected, and those terms to begin at some time in the distant future, unknown to any human being.

Let us examine the arguments adduced in support of this sage construction of law. It is *assumed* by his Excellency that the act of March 7, 1867, contained a condition subsequent, and that the violation on our part of that condition has very properly incurred the penalty of expulsion from the Union, and rendered our State Government "provisional only." On the contrary, the conditions enumerated in said act are, without exception, conditions precedent.

That act simply provided for the re-admission of "the late rebel States" into the Union, the end of military rule therein, and the rehabilitation of said States, upon their compliance with the terms thereby imposed. Section 5 of that act provides that "when any one of said States should form a Constitution and government in conformity to the Constitution of the United States, in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty-one years old and upward, of whatever race, color or previous condition . . . . except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or felony at common law; and when each Constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualification herein stated for electors of delegates," and when such constitution shall be duly ratified as provided, submitted to Congress for approval and thereby approved, and when such State, by vote of its Legislature, shall adopt the 14th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, then such State shall be declared entitled to Senators and Representatives in Congress. That all these conditions precedent to admission, required at the hands of the Convention, were fully complied with Governor Bullock does not deny; but it is insisted that the Legislature that ratified the 14th Amendment was an illegal body, for the reason that a few persons, alleged to be ineligible under the provisions of the organic act, occupied seats therein, that, consequently, it was not such a Legislature as was provided for in the act, and therefore the ratification was null and void, the conditions presented not fully complied with, and our State government, under and by virtue of the provisons of said act, continued "provisional" only. Congress repudiated this construction of the law, and declared that Georgia had fully complied with all the requirements of that body, when a portion of our Representatives were admitted to seats therein. True, two of our Representatives were excluded, not, however, because Georgia had failed to comply with the law, but because of their inability to take "the oath prescribed by law," i. e., the test oath. The fact that the whole Georgia delegation was not seated is stated by Gov. B. as an argument going to show that Congress did not consider that we had "fully complied," and that the State was not entitled to representation! Suppose two members elect from the State of New York were unable to swallow "the oath prescribed by law," and were consequently denied seats in Congress, would Gov. Bullock insist that Congress, by such refusal, had declared that that State was not entitled to representation? Clearly not; yet the argument is as potent and conclusive in one case as the other.

Another argument used to prove that Congress did not consider that Georgia had legally ratified the 14th Amendment, and had not, therefore, "fully complied," is the fact that in the concurrent resolutions adopted by that body July 21, 1868, declaring the 14th Amendment duly ratified by the requisite number of States—*before Georgia had acted upon that question*—the name of *Georgia* was not included in the list of States therein mentioned as having adopted said amendment. California and Virginia are not enumerated as among the number of States ratifying, yet it is a matter of history that both these States, subsequent to the adoption of said concurrent resolutions, did ratify it; yet, who so silly as to insist that Congress regards the action of these States null, simply because they were not mentioned in the afo-said resolutions, adopted previous to their action? Is not the argument as cogent in the one case as the other? If mention of this kind is to be the *sine qua non* of the legality of Georgia's adoption of the 14th Amendment, is it probable that our action in the premises will ever be legalized by the adoption of another set of concurrent resolutions by Congress, declaring that Amendment ratified, wherein Georgia *will* be named? No sane man has the most remote idea that Congress will be guilty of such childish imbecility, yet if Bullock's argument be correct, that our State Government will continue "provisional" until we have legally ratified that amendment, and the evidence of the legality thereof is to be found in the instance of the alone of Georgia it such a resolution as mentioned, is there any probability that the clerk never will come, "during his sojourn here below," when our government will cease to be "provisional" and he the corrupt, malignant and imbecile Executive thereof?

When we were admitted to representation in Congress, the Act of March 2, the original reconstruction act, and the Act of June 25, 1868, supplemental thereto, expired by their own limitation—ceased to operate—and the State Government was no longer "Provisional." The national authorities recognized this truth by the publication of an official order announcing that the Third Military District had ceased to exist, and turning the State over to the civil authorities thereof. Bullock was appointed "Provisional Governor" under General Order No. 91, June 28, 1868, and was liable to removal by the District Commander, at any time previous to the restoration of civil government—July, 1868—after which date he held his office by no such doubtful tenure as the caprice of a military officer, and his removal could not have been legally effected otherwise than by conviction of "high crimes and misdemeanors," by the Senate of Georgia sitting as a court of impeachment. From that time the commencement of his term of office dates.

The Act of Dec. 22d, 1869, is not supplemental to the Reconstruction Acts, nor was it adopted under the idea, as is alleged by Gov. Brown, that our government was "provisionally," and still subject to the "paramount authority of Congress," but under and by virtue of the authority conferred by the 14th Amendment, authorizing the enforcement, "by appropriate legislation," of the provisions thereof, in all the States of the Union. The alleged admission of persons to seats in the General Assembly, ineligible by reason of their being obnoxious to said amendment, and the expulsion of the colored members, was such a case as Congress undoubtedly had the right if the charges preferred were true, under the Constitution, as amended, to take cognizance of. This *right* does not attach to poor, down-trodden Georgia, alone, but equally to Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, or any other State. Under the circumstances, it is not probable the necessity will ever arise wherein Congress will consider it expedient to assert its authority over any of the Northern States to secure the enforcement of the provisions of the 14th amendment, but no competent lawyer will gainsay the truth that the second section thereof—the "appropriate legislation" clause—does, explicitly, confer the power to do so. But suppose a case of this character should arise, and Congress should interfere as in Georgia, would that act render such refractory State government "provisional only," and all the civil officers of the same subject to removal upon the mere *ipse dixit* of the President, General Sherman, or General anybody else? By no means, because the power conferred is exhausted when, by the operation of such "appropriate legislation" as may be adopted, the provisions of said amendment are enforced, for, when that end is attained, the Constitution authorizes no further interference. This is precisely what Congress intended to accomplish in Georgia, and when the Legislature has been purged of its members obnoxious to the 14th amendment, the act of December 22 becomes inoperative, and no further proceedure can be had therengder. The usurpations of Bullock and Terry in the re-organization of the Legislature, are used as arguments in support of this "provisional" theory, when, in truth and in fact, nowhere in law they are pretending to enforce, either directly or by implication, is there the least shadow of authority for interference in this matter by either of these parties. When Bullock issued his proclamation convening the Legislature, he had done all that he was authorized to do, the law leaving that body free to judge of the election and qualification of its own members; and his subsequent acts in this matter render him amenable to the provisions of sec. 5, thereof. But this is not directly germain to the subject under consideration.

But let us examine Governor B.'s logic a little further, and see how it operates. It is not even pretended that a large majority of the members of the Legislature of 1860, were not legally qualified, by virtue of the provisions of the reconstruction acts, to discharge the duties of legislators, but his argument really is, that if one (or more) of the members thereof was disqualified under the law; that it was an illegal body, and consequently the adoption of the 14th Amendment thereby null, and the requirements of the organic act not fully complied with, and hence, under the operation of said act the Government continued "provisional" only. If this reasoning be correct, what assurance have we, that when it again becomes necessary to subserve partisan ends, the same arguments will not be used to prove that the Government of Georgia is still "provisional only," and its functions usurped by the same lawless power, as now? The rejection of a few members by a drum-head court martial, and the prevention of others from qualifying, by fraud, force and intimidation, has neither destroyed the power, nor impaired the potency of his argument. By the same process of reasoning it can be as clearly demonstrated that the *Convention* was an illegal body, and the acts thereof of no binding force. The act of March 22, 1868, exacted as a condition precedent to rehabilitation the formation of "a Constitution republican in form, etc.," at the hands of a Convention composed of delegates neither disfranchised "by participation in rebellion or felony at common law." Aaron Alpeoria Bradley—*a convicted felon*—was a member of the Georgia Convention. Is it necessary to apply the argument? The expurgation process has been applied to the General Assembly, and the Governor and Gen. Terry have exclaimed, "It is finished!" yet this same *convicted felon* still occupies his seat in the Senate of Georgia, and it is officially proclaimed that that body is "properly prepared to enter upon the action required by the several reconstruction acts!"

Can not the arguments urged against the legality of the organization of the Legislature as it was previous to these recent manipulations, be used with greater power and more propriety against the present concern? A number of members have been forcibly prevented from taking their seats—others so intimidated as to decline presenting themselves for that purpose, while many have been seated whom no one asserts were elected, and that, too, without even the pretext of legal authority.

GWINNETT.

Proceedings of the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society.

[Reported expressly for The Constitution, by B. H. True, Esq.

ATLANTA, February 10, 1870.

Agreeably to the call of the President of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, the following members of the Executive Committee met in the City Hall: Hon B. C. Yancey, President of the Society and ex-officio Chairman of the Executive Committee; Vice-Presidents—C. W. Howard, Schley, Capers, Barrow; Ex-officio members of the committee from 1st district, Dr. J. T. Chappel; 2d district, J. B. Burke and A. H. Colquitt; 3rd district, James H. Fannin; 4th district, George S. Obear, E. Steadman, L. J. Lovington; 5th district, B. H. True, T. J. Smith; 6th district, James S. Hamilton, John N. Montgomery; 7th district E. E. Rawson, John H. Fitten.

On motion of Mr. C. W. Howard a committee, consisting of Messrs. Howard, Colquitt and Schley, were appointed by the President to confer with the City Council of Atlanta in relation to arrangements for the Fair of 1870.

On motion of Col. Capers a committee was appointed to audit accounts of the Secretary and Treasurer for last year and to the present time, and also to audit all claims against the Society. Messrs. Capers, Obear, Rawson, Colquitt and Steadman are the committee.

On motion of Mr. Howard all essays on reclaimed land not reported upon at the fair were referred to the Committee on Essays appointed at the fair for report, General Crown and Mr. Howard.

On motion of Dr. Hamilton, a communication from the Rev. Mr. Quig in relation to an essay on the Policy Planters should adopt to protect themselves against the combination of speculators and capitalists, was referred to a committe consisting of Messrs. Colquitt, Livingston and Chappel.

The President read a letter from Dr. C. P. Culver in relation to claims of Dean & Co. for services in procuring the use of the Laboratory buildings for holding the fair of 1869. It was referred to the following Committees: Mr. Brown Chairman; Tuer, Livingston, Barrow, Schley.

The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to revise the Premium List: Sitten Chairman, Fitzpatrick Hannah, Steadman, Montgomery.

The report of the Committee to confer with the Mayor and Council made a report, which was received and laid over till 7 o'clock this evening. The Committee then adjourned over the ground purchased for holding the fair, to be called from the city, on the Selma Road.

The Committee adjourned to inspect the Fair Ground; and re-assembled at the City Hall, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

In the absence of Secretary, Lowe, Major B. H. True was elected Secretary, pro tem.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. That the Local or City Committee are required to provide suitable grounds, the number of acres to be decided upon hereafter by the Executive Committee.

2. To provide two hundred stalls for horses 8 by 12 feet, and the stalls to be provided with mangers and doors with hasps and staples.

3. To provide one hundred cattle stalls 8 by 10 feet, with racks and troughs—all the stalls for horses and cattle to be covered and numbered with large figures.

4. To provide sixty sheep pens 6 by 10 feet, covered and provided with racks and troughs.

5. To provide seventy-five pens for hogs 10 by 10 feet, covered, with troughs.

6. To provide an ample supply of water for stock and machinery, with pumps.

7. To provide a half mile track.

8. To provide a fine art hall, 30 by 125 feet; a fruit, floral and vegetable hall, 30 by 125 feet; a mechanical hall, two stories high, 40 by 120 feet.

9. To provide a treasurer's office on the grounds near the main entrances, on the line of fence, 40 by 20 feet.

10. To provide a secretary's office within the grounds, 20 by 40 feet, with shingle roof, good floor, doors and windows, with proper fastenings, furnished with desks, chairs, tables, etc., and so arranged that a part thereof may be occupied by the Executive committee for the transaction of business; also an audience hall, 40 by 120 feet, in which to make the annual addresses, hold the meetings of the society, award the premiums, and for such other business as may be designated by the committee.

11. To provide a judge's stand after a plan to be submitted on octagan, not less than —— feet in diameter, and two stories high.

12. To provide an amphitheatre capable of seating 5,000 people, and to be covered.

13. To provide a ladies' saloon, 16 by 40 feet, furnished with combs, towels, brushes, soap, wash-bowls, mirrors, tables and chairs, and have in attendance a female.

14. To provide a gentleman's saloon, 16 by 40 feet.

15. To provide stout railing around the track, and on both sides of the carriageway.

16. The buildings and fences to be whitewashed inside and out, and all the walks and buildings, not floored, to be covered with sawdust; the officers' and ladies' saloon to be furnished with stoves, and, if necessary, keep and preserve the track in good order.

17. To erect on the grounds two suitable eating houses provided with necessary arrangements for eating.

18. To erect a forage house, 40 by 20 feet, with 15 feet posts; also, to erect a proper covered shed, 40 by 60 feet, for the display of carriages.

19. To furnish $3,000 in cash, on or before the 1st day of August next, to be appropriated for the premium list.

On motion of Col. Capers,

Resolved, That the committe to audit claims be instructed to inquire and recommend what compensation or salary shall be allowed our treasurer.

Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to inform all persons exhibitors at the fair of 1870, whose articles are left in the care of the secretary, without the payment of freight, that unless the expenses of freight and storage be paid within sixty days after notice, that the articles be sold to defray the charges aforesaid.

Resolved, That the treasurer be required to give bond with two securities, in the sum of ten thousand dollars; and that a committee be appointed to devise a system of checks by which it may at all times be ascertained what amount of money has passed into his hands. Messrs. Capers, Smith and Rawson were appointed the committee.

Messrs. True, Obear and Chappel were appointed to report new business for the action of the executive committee.

On motion,

Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to have diplomas prepared, to be distributed to persons to whom the same were awarded; also medals in bronze.

On motion of Mr. True,

Resolved, That the next fair be held in or near this city, opening on Wednesday, the 19th October, and continuing until Wednesday, the 27th.

On motion of Mr. Livingstone,

Resolved, That the city be required to have the buildings and grounds ready by the 1st day of October to be delivered to the society.

Resolved, That the regulations of management of the next fair be referred to the committee on the revision of the premium list.

Adjourned to meet in their hall after the inspection of fair ground to-morrow.

IS YOUR SOUL INSURED?—"Pa," said a little boy, as he climbed to his father's knee, and looked into his face as earnestly as if he understood the importance of the subject, "Pa, is your soul insured?"

"What are you thinking about my son?" replied the agitated father, "Why do you ask that question?"

"Why, pa, I heard Uncle George say that you had your houses insured, and your life insured; but he didn't believe you had thought of your soul, and he was afraid you would lose it; won't you get it insured right away?"

The father leaned his head on his hand, and was silent. He owned broad acres of land that were covered with a bountiful produce; his barns were even now filled with plenty; his buildings were all well covered by insurance; but, as if that would not suffice for the maintenance of his wife and only child in case of his decease, he had, the day before, taken a life policy for a large amount; yet not one thought had he given to his own immortal soul.

THREE STEPS TO HEAVEN.—The Rev. Rowland Hill once visited a poor man, of weak intellect, and on conversing with him, said:

"Well, Richard, do you love the Lord Jesus Christ?"

"To be sure I do; don't you?"

"Heaven is a long way off," said the minister, "and the journey is difficult."

"Do you think so? I think Heaven is very near."

"Most people think it is a very difficult matter to get to Heaven."

"I think Heaven is very near," said Richard again, "and the way to it is very short; there are only three steps there!"

Mr. Hill replied, "Only three steps!"

Richard repeated, "Yes, only three steps."

"And pray," said the pastor, "what do you consider those three steps to be?"

"Those three steps are, out of self, into Christ, into glory."

☞ A gentleman called at a residence in the Boulevard Haussmann in Paris. He entered the hall, and was going up the stairs, when the solemn porter called him back, saying, "Monsieur has not thoroughly wiped his feet." The gentleman stepped back and wiped his feet until he thought them irreproachable, but he had hardly put his foot on the stair again, when the porter remarked with the utmost deference, "Monsieur still has a small spot of dirt on his left heel." The gentleman blushed as he came back, and replied, "It is true; the walking is so bad." "Yes," replied the porter, "it is very bad, and since it is the first time that I have had the honor of seeing Monsieur, I beg to state that he probably does not know that gentlemen come here only in carriages."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The President is already besieged with friends of candidates for the Supreme Judgeship, made vacant by the rejection of Judge Hoar. The Southern Senators and members are pressing their claims very warmly, and ask that the President should make a choice from Judge Wayne's old circuit. Judge Erskine, of Georgia, and Durant, of New Orleans, are more prominently named. Two Missouri Congressmen, Dyer and Van Horn, were at the White House to-day to ask the President to appoint Senator Drake of that State. The President has intimated to no outsider his preference.

☞ A medical student sent a lock of hair from a "subject" to a chiropodist, and received answer that the person from whom it was cut had a kidney disease, which she would cure for five dollars.

WHITE SLAVES.—Miss Mary Collins explains why the great [illegible] New England [illegible] are [illegible] and [illegible] days.

In consequence of the last mass meeting being engaged in the slavery question, the girls from the factories were not out to-day. Probably they would not be heard to-day, were it not for the fact that, before the war, working-women in the city of Boston could get board for $2.25 per week. Now, they are compelled to pay $5, and oftentimes more. As the corporations have boarding-houses for their operatives, poverty has driven large numbers of them back to those living tombs."

THE SOLID TRUTH.—The Boston Post truthfully says, Congress is the only obstacle to a restoration of the Union—it is in rebellion against the peace of the country—against its return to constitutional government and general prosperity. This is the general sentiment, independent of party bias, and is expressed, in substance, by papers of both the great political parties.

☞ Clara Barton has addressed the following brief and striking epistle to the returned soldiers of the country: "When you were weak and I was strong, I toiled for you. Now you are strong and I am weak. Because of my work for you, I ask your aid. I ask the ballot for myself and my sex. As I stood by you, I pray you to stand by me and mine."

SOLD OUT.—Mr. Corbin, the President's brother-in-law, who has become somewhat unfavorably conspicuous of late, in connection with the gold panic, has sold his house on Twenty-seventh street for $75,000.

☞ There is a man in Newburyport who should set up a claim as champion jumpist. One day last week he arranged seventeen barrels in a row, and jumped from one into the other without stopping, through the whole number.

☞ Half-breeds in from the Indiana camps report that the Indians are dying at the rate of twenty-five per day from small-pox. They are begging the whites to spare their lives.

☞ An Indianapolis physician of seventy-three has not slept in a bed for twenty years. He rests at night in a large arm-chair, taking nap's of about an hour's duration each, and always keeps the gas lighted, that he may read each time he awakes.

☞ A well-known dancing woman is said to make $10,000 a year, working only eight months of the twelve.

☞ Mrs. Stanton says that no man ever worshipped God truly who did not first worship some woman.

☞ Mr. Dalrymple, the great farmer of Minnesota, is said to have made $150,000 clear gain in three years of farming.

☞ A nu milk cow is stepmother tew evry mans baby.

☞ When a rooster crows, he crows all over.

☞ Four thousand tons of ice have been packed this season in Davenport, Iowa.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. CHAMPE are requested to attend the Funeral of the latter from the residence of the former, on Whitehall, between Hunter and Mitchell streets, at three o'clock this afternoon.

New Advertisements.

THE ONE DOLLAR PALACE STORE!

IS NOW OPEN.

In Markham's Empire Building

WHITEHALL STREET.

Just Received, a Beautiful Stock of

Silver-plated Water Pitchers,
Silver-plated Tea Pots,
Silver-plated Sugar Bowls,
New Styles of Meerschaum Pipes,
New Styles of Silver Beaded Baskets,
Elegant Work Boxes.

New Goods Opened Daily,

AT THE

ONE DOLLAR PALACE STORE!

feb12-d2w

J. Wadsen Burton, | Jno. W. Stockton.
Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.

Centrally located.

feb12—d2t

W. F. HOLDERNESS, | JAS. G. REYNOLDS,
Attorney at Law. | Late Maddox, Reynolds & Co.

SOUTHERN LANDS

—AND—

City Real Estate,

FOR SALE BY

HOLDERNESS & REYNOLDS.

WE now have on hand OVER 50,000 ACRES OF LAND, IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED, in various sections of the country, and some valuable Real Estate in the City, which we offer on *Reasonable Terms*, to parties wanting homes or seeking investments.

☞ *Our business is to Sell and Purchase* (on order) *Real Estate* in the *City* and *Farms* and "*Wild Lands*" throughout the country. We will examine *Lands* when desired and *investigate Titles*. Will give careful attention to

RENTING REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY,

and FARMS in the surrounding country. CONVEYANCES, SELLING and COLLECTING CLAIMS of every character. We also propose to furnish

RELIABLE FOREIGN LABOR,

For FARMS and DOMESTIC purposes, both MALE and FEMALE.

Business Respectfully Solicited.

Call and see us at our office, or address us by mail.

HOLDERNESS & REYNOLDS.

Office opposite Atlanta National Bank.

feb13-d3t Alabama Street.

For Rent or Sale,

65 ACRES OF GOOD LAND—sixty acres cleared and under good fence. Three houses (all new) on the place.

Apply to J. S. WILLSON,

feb13— [jan25-dtf] Eagle Drug Store, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED,

AT ONCE, an A No. 1 Business Man to solicit orders for Jackson & Pratt's Vulcanized

Fire Proof Roofing.

D. W. GLASSIE,

feb13-d1t U. S. Hotel

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Feb. 9, 1870.

PETER F. HOYLE has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 12th day of February, 1870, at my office.

J. L. WILSON, Ordinary.

feb13-d11s w2t Printers fee $3

Fayette County Postponed Deputy Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, Fayette county, Georgia, on the First Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Lot of land number thirty, in the sixth district of Fayette county, as satisfy a tax fi. fa issued by the Tax Collector of Fayette county for the year 1869, against the property of, or known as the Iverson property, on which no returns have been made, and known as the Iverson property. Posted out by said Tax Collector. This December 24, 1869.

ISAAC B. AVERA, Deputy Sheriff.

feb13-w12t Printers fee $2.50 per levy

Absconded.

J. M. STONE, a Gardner, 5 feet 9 inches high, 25 years old, blue eyes, red beard, and 28 pounds heavy. [illegible] but my employment on the 20th January, taking with him $300 or $400 of my money. He is supposed to be in Georgia, [illegible] Rome, Kingston, Cassville or Cartersville. Any person arresting said Stone and returning said money to me, or giving me information where I can get it, shall be paid for his detention in Fulton county jail, or a reasonable reward will be given for information of his whereabouts, so that I can get said money and recover my property.

WM. D. ELLIS.

feb8—sun2wd1w At the Calico House.

A. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. If it is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:

No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,

Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

WILLIAMOW, Walker County, Ga., June 20, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D's but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all such any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparrilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that this is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. P. JOHNSON.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1866, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. It CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully H. JOHNSON

BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 23, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Lewisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time. He commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. In fact, all of them I have met here give you the highest encomiums for your Cedron Bitters, and I have a good supply of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla on hand yet. Ship me via Memphis, care Rhea & Ayers.

Respectfully, C. B. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

H. H. BRADFIELD,

DRUGGIST,

WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA

feb12-4eodly

Special Notices.

☞ SOLOMONS' COUGH AND COLD SYRUP has been used extensively for the past quarter of a century for coughs, colds and all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest, and has become universally used on account of its certain, prompt and efficacious action.

For a "cold on the chest," with tight cough and difficult breathing, it has no equal, for if taken in time, it will immediately cure the cough, hoarseness and rattling in the chest, by loosening, cleansing and soothing the throat and lungs, alleviating the irritation, producing free expectoration and removing the cause.

Prepared at the Laboratory of

A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,

feb8-d1w Savannah, Ga.

☞ VALENTINES.—$5, $10, $20 AND $40 Lots. Send your Orders early to

PHILLIPS & CREW,

feb3-dec15t Atlanta, Ga.

☞ MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD. Essays for Young Men, on the passional attraction of the sexes, and the happiness of TRUE MARRIAGE, when perfect manhood and perfect womanhood unite to consecrate the Union. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

jan30—d&W3m

☞ JUST OUT.—CHERRY PECTORAL Troches, superior to all others for Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Hoarseness. None so pleasant. None cure so quick.

Manufactured by RUSHTON & CO., Astor House, New York.

No more of those horrible tasted, nauseating Brown Cubeb things. jan7-d&W3m

Amusements.

DeGive's Opera House.

E. P. KENDALL.....MANAGER.

Friday and Saturday,

FEBRUARY 11 AND 12.

Grand Matinee Saturday at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

The Berger Family!

SWISS BELL RINGERS!

HARPISTS, VOCALISTS, VIOLINISTS,

AND CORNET PLAYERS,

Who for the past three years have furnished nearly the entire entertainment with the Peak Family, will appear as above, assisted by

SOL SMITH RUSSELL, Humorist,

A. J. WHITCOMB, Harpist,

MISS MAUD STANLEY, Vocalist,

PROF. J. H. GARDNER, Cornet Soloist.

And Geo. H. Marsh. New Songs, Duets Quartettes, Instrumental Overtures, Character Vocalisms, Comic Orations, Violin, Cornet and Staff Bell Solos. Admission Parquette and Dress Circle $1. Family Circle 75 cents. Gallery 50 cents. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock. Seats can be secured in advance without extra charge at Phillips & Crew's Book Store.

feb4-d7t W. W. FOWLER, Agent.

ROLLER SKATING!

THE Skating Rink will open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings from 7 to 10 o'clock. Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons from 2 to 5 o'clock. Every forenoon from 9 to 12 o'clock for

LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Teachers will be in attendance during the day assemblies to teach gratuitously those wishing to learn. Admission free for Ladies and Children to morning and afternoon assemblies.

Hall over Glenn & Wright's, corner Forsyth and Railroad.

Package of 12 Tickets	$1 00 cents
Single Tickets	50 cents.
Half Tickets	25 cents
Use of Skates	25 cents.

Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's, and at the principal Hotels fe9-d1f

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

THE EMPIRE BLOCK.

SIX STORES ON WHITEHALL STREET.

HAVING sold for Mr. Markham the nine Stores at the dates previously advertised, I will sell at 10 o'clock, on the premises, on Thursday, 17th day of February,

Six Stores, known as Empire Block,

On Whitehall, near Hunter. These Stores are about 19 feet clear and 100 feet deep; and all have fine dry Cellars and front rooms in the basement, suitable for Barber or Shoe Shops, etc. There are also 18 offices in 2d story, all well ventilated, lighted and comfortable; 3 over each of four of the Stores, and 5 over each of the other two. There is also 38 feet of vacant ground in the rear of said building, with an alley through to Pryor street. Said alley belongs to the property.

This is sure renting and the best paying property in the city, upon its value. RENTS AT EIGHT THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Terms—Half cash; balance in 4 and 12 months, with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,

feb9-dtd No. 38 Alabama street.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

MEDLEY SALES—SATURDAY MORNING,

10 O'CLOCK, at My Office.

4 bbls. MESS BEEF, 2 bbls. Cuba ORANGES, 1 bbl. COCOANUTS, (fresh), 1 Plow HORSE, and divers other articles.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,

feb11-d2t No. 38 Alabama street.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

3-ACRE SUBURBAN LOT.

IMMEDIATELY after selling those Central Business Lots on Pryor street, on the 18th inst., I will sell, for cash, a THREE ACRE LOT, known as the plat of Truman Property as Nos 11, 13, 13, 14 and 15, 160x200 each, immediately south and adjoining Chas. Bender's place, a short distance east of West End Depot, approached by wide, level streets, from the city. The ground all lies handsome. Close to Kreis, Benders, and others. Call, get a map, and examine the property, if you want an investment that will enhance 50 per cent. in value from "taxation."

GEO. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,

feb11-3t No. 38 Alabama street.

ATLANTA, 10th February, 1870.

All persons in Atlanta or elsewhere in the State who have claims on the State Agricultural Society for premiums, will receive an order for the payment of the same, on application to the Secretary.

By order of the Executive Committee.

feb11-4t D. W. LEWIS, secretary.

To the Merchants of Atlanta

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF FREIGHT

AND PASSENGER LINE

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH.☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates.

If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements

For loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to

Index to New Advertisements.

Southern Lands and City Real Estate—Holderness & Reynolds.
Now Open—One Dollar [illegible] Store.
Exemption Personalty of Peter F. Hoyle—J. L. Wilson.
Exemption Personalty of Noah Dilde—J. L. Wilson.
Fayette County Sheriff Sales—L. E. Avera.
United States Hotel—Louisville, Ky.
Wanted—D. W. Glassie.

Woman's Rights.—The lecture by Mrs. Olivier, the female suffragist, on "Female Suffrage," has been postponed until Tuesday night.

Col. E. Hulbert.—Col. Hulbert arrived in the city yesterday morning, in good health and fine spirits.

Amusements for the Little Folks.—John Robinson's Mammoth Circus will be here on the 28th inst.

Payne's Chapel.—Rev. Dr. Boring, Agent of the Orphans' Home, will preach at Payne's Chapel, on to-morrow morning, at the usual hour.

Supreme Court—*Evening Session.*—Feb. 11, 1870—Argument was resumed, in No. 16, Flint Circuit.

At the close of the argument for defendant in error, Court adjourned till 10 A. M., to-morrow.

The Skating Rink.—To-night will be the last night of Prof. Fenton at the Skating Rink. Of course the Rink will be filled with those wishing to witness his skillful skatorial evolutions on the skates.

Macon and Brunswick Road.—We learn that three first-class coaches for this road will be received in a few days. Two hundred and fifty hands are now engaged in putting the grounds in order. On the 1st of March a twenty-five mile per hour schedule will be put on.

Miss Sue Dougherty.—A private letter from Memphis, dated on the 8th, conveys the intelligence that Miss Sue Dougherty, daughter of Judge Dougherty, was to be married that night at New Orleans to Mr. Andrew S. Routh. We wish Mrs. Routh much happiness and prosperity.

Accident.—Yesterday, the horses attached to the wagon of Mr. Green, of Hall county, ran away on Peachtree street, and threw Mr. Green and his son out on the ground, breaking an arm of each of them. Dr. W. T. Goldsmith rendered them surgical aid.

Decline in Corn.—A telegram was received from St. Louis, Mo., yesterday, by one of our commission merchants, stating that the blockade of Southern roads had caused the corn market to break. Choice white was quoted at 76 to 77 cents.

Accident on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad.—We learn from a friend, that a run off or smash up occurred on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, on the 9th, about fifty-five miles below Macon. Three cars were off the track. A gentleman from Indianapolis had an arm broke. The damage otherwise was slight.

The Berger Silver Cornet Band.—This band attracted considerable attention yesterday afternoon, as they drove through our principal streets, discoursing melody itself. The band halted on Broad street, and serenaded at one blow, The Constitution office, the *Index* office, and that of the *Rural Southerner*.

Rural Southerner.—The February number of this popular agricultural journal is far ahead of any number we ever saw. It is a repertory of knowledge to the farmer, and one number will be worth more than dollars spent elsewhere. Its low price is an attractive feature, and should commend itself to every one. S. A. Echols, Editor. Terms $1 per annum.

Holderness & Reynolds.—We invite attention to the card of Messrs. Holderness & Reynolds, Real Estate Agents in this city. In addition to the sale and purchase of real estate, they will rent or offer for rent, houses in the city, and have made arrangements to furnish male and female foreign labor. Mr. Holderness is a lawyer of standing from Columbus; Mr. Reynolds was lately a partner in the firm of Maddox, Reynolds & Co., and is well known as a No. 1 business man.

Fire Proof Roofing.—Mr. D. W. Glassie, one of the proprietors of Jackson & Platt's Fire Proof Roofing, is at the United States Hotel, in this city. One of the principal ingredients of this composition is sulphur or brimstone, which of itself is imperishable as flint rock, and when heated to 233 degrees Fahrenheit becomes an elastic gum, and when mixed with the heavy oils of bituminous coal, it renders the mass an elastic mineral, unchanged by time and exposure to atmospheric changes. The roofing is highly recommended.

Swift Justice.—A few nights ago a well dressed young man stopped at the residence of Col. J. N. Swift, at Lithonia, representing himself to be a clerk for the well known house of Silvey & Dougherty. He talked a good deal about business and business matters. Next morning after he left, a pistol was found to be missing. The young gent was caught and brought before Squire W. R. Pendley, Notary Public. He confessed the deed and waived indictment. Squire sentenced him to the chain-gang for twelve months, and when last heard from was hunting the gang with a chain on.

The Executive Committee and the State Fair.—The Executive Committee were engaged yesterday in discussing the location of the Fair Ground and other details, but without coming to any definite conclusions. It is thought that definite action will be had to-day. In another column will be found a report of the proceedings, as far as received, from our special reporter, Major B. H. True.

Just as we are about going to press, we learn that definite arrangements have been perfected between the Council and Committee.

Oglethorpe—National Benefits.—The removal of this College to Atlanta, will introduce a train of advantages that our business men should thoroughly consider. The important fact should not be overlooked at the outset, that it has a considerable endowment and is already supplied with the necessary appurtenances—such as chemical and philosophical apparatus, libraries, etc., valued at many thousands of dollars.

Now, it will be difficult, if not impossible, to state a single respectable business or profession that will not receive great material benefit from the location of the College in Atlanta. Take, for instance, our merchants. At least two hundred persons annually must be supplied with provisions at a cost of some *fifty thousand dollars*. The item of profits from this new source is worthy the consideration of our grocery merchants. This calculation does not include the necessities of providing for thousands who will visit Atlanta on commencement occasions and at other times. One of our enterprising hotel proprietors, aware of this fact, has united liberality with a regard to his pecuniary interest, and responded handsomely. It is a safe calculation that the students and attaches of the College will throw into circulation in our city *one hundred thousand dollars* annually. The question of profits should be studied carefully. Let all donate according to an assessment, upon the basis of pecuniary interest united with a *spirit of liberality and philanthropy*. "C."

Local and Business Notices.

50 Barrels Sugar for sale cheap, to close out lot. Jno. H. King, North Forsyth Street.

5,000 bushels Yellow and White Corn; also, seed and feed Oats. Now on sale by A. K. Seago. feb11-d6t

150 Barrels Choice Apples, at Stokes, Bro. & Thompson's, 13 Whitehall, near Alabama. feb8-d1w

Wanted.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. Hanleiter. dec14-tf

Everybody should have one of Hanleiter's Memoranda cases, with name gilded on it—$1.00. nov14-dtf

100 Barrels Choice Potatoes for table use, at Stokes, Bro. & Thompson's, 13 Whitehall, 2d door up from Alabama. feb8-d1w

Magazines, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

Wm. R. Hanleiter, Book Binder, Blank Book Manufacturer, etc., Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Special Telegraphic Cor. of The Constitution.]

Bullock Abandons the Field.
Has Left for Georgia.
Judge Gibson to Fight it Out.
Terry to Appear before the Judiciary Committee.

Washington, February 11.—Bullock has abandoned the field in disgust. He left for Georgia to-day, and leaves Judge Gibson to fight his battles.

It is thought General Terry will appear before the Judiciary Committee to-morrow.

Hill and Miller, it is said, are to have the assurances that they will get their seats next week.

Georgians consider Ackerman's chances good for the Supreme Judgeship in case of the rejection of Bradley.

The anti-Bullock delegation are in good spirits and hopeful of the success of their mission. Argus.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Hill and Miller, Georgia Senators, are here, ready to present their claims at the proper time, and should the present Legislature elect others, they will contest it before the Senate.

Treasury balance one hundred and three millions, including fifty millions gold certificates; currency twelve millions.

The Treasurer has advices of the seizure of J. Kinchoff & Co.'s establishment at Chicago.

Revenue to-day $175,000.

The President has appointed Thomas F. Wilcox, Pennsylvania, consul at Matamoras.

In the Senate, the bill for the sale of lands on sea islands in Beaufort county, S. C., was reported.

Sherman offered a resolution reciting the sympathy of the United States with the people of Cuba, and all American colonies in their efforts to secure independence from European powers. It declares that the United States recognise the existence of a war between the Kingdom of Spain and the colony of Cuba, waged on the part of Cuba to establish its independence, and that the United States will observe strict neutrality between the belligerent parties, as is their duty under the law of nations. After a brief discussion of the resolution, it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The bill to abolish the franking privilege, and the Mississippi bill, were considered, but not disposed of.

A motion to postpone the latter for one day, being defeated by one vote, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

In the House, Howard was interrogated about the cost of the Freedman's Bureau since its organization.

The death of Hopkins was announced. The House then adjourned.

The balance of the imprisonment of Charles L. Pitcher and John A. Richardson, sentenced to four years imprisonment by the military commission in Texas, was remitted by the President. They were sentenced in October last.

Memphis, Feb. 11.—The Maggie Hayes, from New Orleans, bound for Pittsburg, exploded near Helena. Capt. Martin, second engineer, and eight deckers were killed. The steamer Commercial was passing and received the balance of the crew and passengers.

The documents for franking, for which Gen. Wm. J. Smith was censured by the Tennessee Legislature, were from the commissioners of public education.

New York, Feb. 11.—The Ville de Paris arrived at Halifax last night, short of coal.

Richmond, February 11.—In the Legislature, George Rye, of Shenandoah, was elected State Treasurer, receiving 119 out of 157 votes cast. Rye is a native of Shenandoah, and in that county cast his vote for Hale, Fremont and Lincoln for President. He was Secretary of the State Constitutional Convention. The Conservative member who nominated him explained that it was done as an indication that Virginians intend to forget past party differences.

Dr. Charles R. Bricken, a well known physician, theatrical lessee and dramatic author of some note, was killed to-day by the discharge of a pistol in his hands.

He was author of Cabin and Parlor, a play long time performed in the Southern theaters as offset to Uncle Tom's Cabin.

Alexander Gardiner, colored, aged 35 years, was hung at New Kent Courthouse this morning, for the murder and rape of Mrs Stewart, and also the murder of John Baker, her colored farm manager. The prisoner, on the night before execution, confessed that with John Kennedy, who afterwards made his escape, he agreed to murder Baker. They found Baker in a field and Kennedy shot him. They went to Mrs. Stewart's house and Gardiner heard her crying, and in a few minutes after, Kennedy came out saying that he had ravished and murdered her. They fired the house and burnt her body, and threw Baker's body in the river. On the scaffold Gardiner only said: "I am not guilty; I don't know whether I am going to heaven or hell." A crowd of colored women around the gallows assailed him with cries of—"You are going to hell, that's where you are going." The drop fell and Gardiner died instantly.

Madrid, February 11.—It is reported that the Carlists are preparing another insurrection. The authorities are watchful.

Paris, February 11.—The city is entirely tranquil. Flourens is still at large.

London, February 11.—The bullion has increased £145,000.

Telegraphic Markets.

Baltimore, February 11.—Cotton firm at 24¾; good grades scarce. Flour very dull. Wheat dull; Pennsylvania 1 40a1 45. Corn active; receipts small; white 95a97; yellow 93. Oats at 53a57. Rye dull at 95a1 00. Pork quiet at 27 50. Bacon quiet; shoulders 12½a13. Lard dull at 17¾a17½. Whisky 98.

Virginias, old 51¼. Sixty-sevens 55 bid. North Carolinas, new, 24.

New York, February 11.—Cotton favors buyers; sales 2,500 bales. Flour: superfine State 4 65a4 85; common to fair extra Southern 5 50a6 00. Wheat and corn a shade firmer. Pork firmer, with fair demand; new 27 00a27 25. Lard heavy; kettle 16¼. Whisky a shade lower at 98a98½. Groceries dull. Naval stores firm. Freights quiet.

Money easy at 4a5. Sterling 8⅞a9. Gold closed at 1 20a1 20⅛. Governments firm. Southerns partially advanced.

Cincinnati, February 11.—Provisions firm. Pork held at 26 75a27 00. Bacon steady; shoulders 12½; clear sides 15¼a16½. Lard held higher—kettle 16½. Corn irregular; large portion of the receipts unsound; strictly sound 72a74. Whisky active at 93.

St. Louis, February 11.—Corn declining; prime to fancy white 77. Whisky dull at 94. Provisions declining. Pork 27 75. Bacon quiet; shoulders 12½; clear sides 16¼a16¾. Lard quiet; choice 15½.

Mobile, Feb. 11.—Demand for cotton fair; closed dull; sales 600 bales; middlings 24a24½; receipts 884 bales; exports 8,028 bales. Receipts for the week 7,335 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,621 bales; other foreign ports 1,191 bales; coastwise 2,875 bales; stock 65,232 bales, of which 15,700 are on shipboard.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—Cotton: easier, but not quotably lower at 24¼a24½; sales 7,800 bales; receipts 13,543 bales; exports to Liverpool 4,294 bales. Flour firm at 5 40a5 80a6 00. Corn scarce, firmer at 1 07½a1 10. Oats advanced—held at 80. Bran 1 35. Hay 29 00. Pork 29 25a29 50. Bacon easier at 14a17½a18½. Lard—tierce 16½a16¾; keg 18. Sugar easier; prime 12½a12¾. Molasses a shade better; prime 73a75. Whisky dull at 90a1 00. Coffee unchanged.

Gold 1 20⅛. Sterling 30¾. Sight par a¼ discount.

Weekly Cotton Statement—Receipts, net, 51,301 bales; gross, 53,553 bales; exports to Liverpool 25,775 bales; Havre 3,257 bales; Barcelona 2,469 bales; Vera Cruz 1,761 bales; coastwise 8,004 bales; stock 224,727 bales.

Wilmington, February 11.—Spirits turpentine steady at 43½. Rosin at 1 55a1 60 for strained. Crude turpentine steady at 1 65a2 80. Tar quiet; sales at 2 00. Cotton dull at 23a23½.

Charleston, February 11.—Cotton in moderate demand and firmer; sales 500 bales; middlings 24a24¼; receipts 385 bales; exports, coastwise, 91 bales.

Savannah, February 11.—Cotton receipts 1,245 bales; exports 1,086 bales; sales 700 bales; middlings 24. Market active.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

Office of the Daily Constitution, Friday Evening, Feb. 11, 1870.

Cotton Market.

Receipts light; middlings 23¾; low middlings 22¾; good ordinary 21½; ordinary 20. Market quiet.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at par selling at ¼c premium. Gold, buying at 1 20 selling, 1 22; Silver, buying, 1 15, selling 1 20; Gold Dust, buying 1 10, selling, 1 15; Bullion, buying 1 25, selling, 1 30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Georgia Bank Notes.

Georgia Railroad and Banking Company	[illegible]
Central Railroad and Banking Company	[illegible]
Marine Bank of Georgia	[illegible]
Bank of Middle Georgia	[illegible]
Bank of Athens	[illegible]
Bank of Fulton	[illegible]
Bank of Savannah	[illegible]
City Bank of Augusta	[illegible]
Bank of the State of Georgia	[illegible]
Bank of Empire State	[illegible]
Merchants' and Planters' Bank	[illegible]
Bank of Commerce	[illegible]
Manufacturers' Bank—Macon	[illegible]
Union Bank	[illegible]
Mechanics' Bank	[illegible]
Planters' Bank	[illegible]
Augusta Savings Bank	[illegible]
Northwestern Bank	[illegible]
Timber Cutters' Bank	[illegible]

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 4½a5½c; Apples 4a5c.

Grain Market.

New corn 1 25 by car load; 1 30 in small quantities. Wheat may be quoted at 1 40a1 50 for prime red, and 1 50a1 60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 82a83 by the car load, and 85 in small quantities. Rye in good supply at 1 35a1 40.

Bacon Market.

Fair stock of new bacon in market. We quote as follows: Bacon, clear sides, 18; clear rib sides 17½; shoulders 14½; hams 19a21. Bulk meats, clear sides, 16½; clear rib sides 16; shoulders 13; hams 16. Lard, tierces, 18½; cans, 18½a19.

Flour Market.

Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

Cow Feed.

Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50a5 00 per bbl. 200 lbs; bran, 1 50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1 85a2 00 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, $1 per bushel.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal 1 25 by car load, 1 30 in small lots. Rice, 9c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 16a18c; Tallow 12a15c. A. Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16½; Yellow, C, 16; Brown, 15½a16. Rio Coffee, 22a25½. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 80a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 45c; Tennessee, 35c. Apples 5 00a7 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 3 25a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 20c per dozen by the lot.

Fertilizers.

Dickson's Compound, 66 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Sup. Phos. Lime, 65 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Whann's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Etiwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 115 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00; Berger & Butts' Excelsior Superphosphate of Lime 70 00.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½a70; Good medium, 70a80; Fine, 90a1 00; Choice, 1 25; Leaf, 25c.

Powder and Shot.

Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 40; buck, 3 75.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1 25a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 40a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a12 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a5 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 16a18c; dry flint, 18a20c.

Hardware Market.

We quote Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 80; 3s, common, 7 00; 3s, fine, 9 00. Plow steel, 12½c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 7a8 per pound. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do. boiled, 1 35a1 40. Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11¼a15; do., pure, 16¼.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 20a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½a[illegible]; hand made, 8c.

Dry Goods Market.

Athens 13; Sprague, 13; Pacific 13; Lancaster, 12½; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag 12. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany 12; Eastern B 18; Amoskeag D 23; Hamilton 32; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A C A 40.

Factory Goods.

Brown Shirtings, ¾, 13c; B. Shirting, 4-4, 15c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7¾a11; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 15½a24; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 11; Tremp, 22¼a23; Yarns, 2 00.

All the Facts in a Nutshell.—The points of difference between Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, and the other hair darkening articles, are these: They are sticky—it is devoid of gluten. They are opaque—it is transparent. They are fetid—it is fragrant. They are muddy—it is clear. They produce dull tints—it reproduces nature's hues. Sold by all druggists. feb8-deod1w

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine.—If you have a cough, do not neglect it; thousands go to an untimely grave by neglecting what they call "a slight cold." These slight colds are very insidious. They soon become deep-seated, and defy all remedies. DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT will cure it. It can be had of any druggist. feb11-d1w

Just Received.—
500 bales choice Timothy Hay,
1,000 bushels White Corn,
20,000 bushels Bran,
100 barrels Flour, extra to choice white wheat,
100 bushels Ground Peas,
100 barrels seed and eating Potatoes—early Goodrich, Pinkeye, Peachblow and Russett.
C. J. Kenneighter & Co., 80 Whitehall Street. feb10-d3t

BERGER & BUTTS'
EXCELSIOR SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

WE now offer this Standard Fertilizer to the Planters of Georgia, and as a guarantee of its great value, we need only say, that we hold certificates of Dr. H. J. Massey, Inspector of Fulton County, and Professor A. Means, at Savannah, with analysis of G. H. Williams, Analitical Chemist, Savannah, Ga. Apart from these, we hold many certificates from planters of Georgia, endorsing this article as giving the very best results. Cash Price $70 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Time Price $75 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.
GLENN & WRIGHT.

Baugh's Dissolved Bone.

WE are in large supply of this popular article, and offer it, as in the past, on most favorable terms. To our people, this is no New Fertilizer, and therefore, needs no eulogy or Certificates.
Price $70 Per Ton, Cash.
GLENN & WRIGHT.
feb2-dtf

Whann's Raw-Bone Super-Phosphate
OF LIME,
THE GREAT FERTILIZER FOR ALL CROPS!

AFTER years of trial by our most scientific Farmers, it has given universal satisfaction, yielding, in some instances 300 per cent. profit. Price delivered on the cars at Charleston, $65 cash, or $75 payable November 1, 1870. For sale by the Agent,

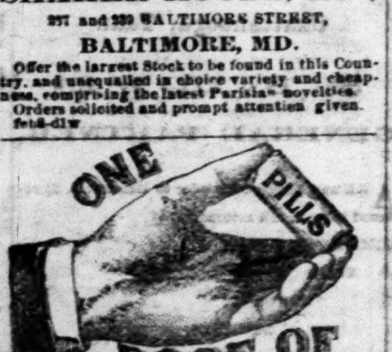
A. LEYDEN.
General Commission Merchant,
No. 18, Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Pure Fine Ground Raw-Bone $70 per ton. Lime fresh from the Kiln at market rate.
jan30-d1y

CONFECTIONERIES!

F. M. JACK,
MANUFACTURER OF
CANDIES,
WHOLESALE PRICE 20 CENTS per POUND.
Crackers,
WHOLESALE PRICE 7 CENTS per POUND.
Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets, Atlanta, Ga.
jan30-d6m

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION
1870.
RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
BONNET TRIMMING AND VELVET RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS, SATINS and VELVETS, Blonds, Nets, Crapes, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,
STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS, Trimmed and Untrimmed
SHAKER HOODS, Etc.,
237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties. Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
feb8-d1w

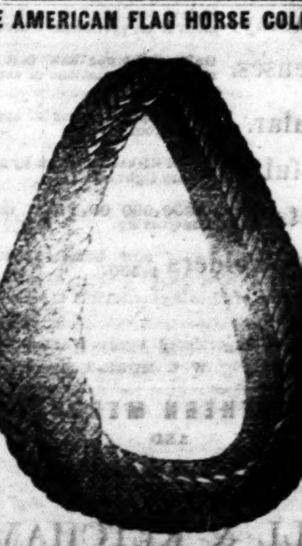


DR. SHALLENBERGER'S
Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.
This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will
CURE IMMEDIATELY
and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.
Sold by all Druggists.
nov11-d&wly

GRAPE VINES.
20,000 Two Year old Well Rooted Scuppernong Grape Plants for sale. Address J. B. STANLEY, Whiteville, Columbus Co., N. C.
jan13-d1m

J. R. Simmons
(Successor to Steedman & Simmons)
Commission Merchant,
—AND—
WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
Produce and Provisions,
No. 8 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

THE AMERICAN FLAG HORSE COLLAR,



Warranted not to Gall in any Service, or in any Climate!
FOR FARM WORK,
Or any kind of work requiring a steady and constant draught.
These Collars are Unequaled—
CHEAPEST,
LIGHTEST,
AND EASIEST.

Summerville, S. C., December 11, 1869.
Messrs. Chapeau & Heffron—Gentlemen: I have used on my mules working in carts and the phosphate cars, the FLAG COLLAR, purchased from you, and can say that it is the best Collar I have ever used. Two of my mules were very badly galled, and worked steadily with them, and are now perfectly well. I cheerfully recommend them to all horse and mule owners. I am respectfully,
J. M. LAWTON.

Dorchester Road, S. C., Dec. 14, 1869.
Messrs. Chapeau & Heffron—Gentlemen: I have used your FLAG COLLAR on my mules and horses, both in cart and plow, and find it the best Collar I have ever used, and can say with pleasure that I fully endorse its merits as claimed by you. Respectfully,
R. B. BAKER, M. D.

ALSO,
CELEBRATED HEMP BACKBAND,
For Ploughing. For sale by
Chapeau & Heffron,
Manufacturers of
SADDLES, HARNESS, FIRE CAPS, BELTS, ETC.
And dealers in Government McClellan Saddles and Government Team Harness. Also, Agents for the celebrated
"Dexter Bonnets,"
for the prevention of Sun-stroke.
No. [illegible] Meeting Street,
[illegible]
CHARLESTON, S. C.
[illegible]

A Good Place to Stop.
NEWNAN, GEORGIA, a city of [illegible] inhabitants, [illegible]
HOTEL, KEPT BY W. H. REYNOLDS.
[illegible] for the NEW HOUSE.
[illegible] d1y

DR. HOOTEN'S
INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND!

Dr. W. A. Hooten's Infirmary for the Blind, Atlanta, Ga., continues to grow in favor with the public, and to extend the sphere of its usefulness. The many remarkable cures performed during the past year alone, places the stability of this Institution outside of all question. The united testimony of the large numbers, once blind, that have been permanently restored to sight by Dr. H., is irresistible. These persons are to be found in almost every section of Georgia, and in many other States. To this united testimony, is added that of thousands of the most reliable people, who know well the history of the cases restored. These facts are incontrovertable, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole land. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information. Patients are regularly coming in from all directions, and the prospect promises a large increase of operations for the present year.

REFERENCES:

Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Jesse Boring, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.
Ex Gov. Joseph E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Hon. J. Erskine Judge U. S. D. C., Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Wilson, Taylor & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
Jordan, Howard & Harralson, Atlanta, Ga.
Moore & Marsh, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev E S G Watson, Mortonville, Ky.
Rev A S Worrell, Pres Lex Female Col., Ky.
Col W H Pruden, Dalton, Ga.
Rev I J Wood, Rome, Ga.
Rev Aug. W Walker, Conwayboro, Ga.
Rev T H Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
Hon C B Wootten, Dawson, Ga.
Rev B L Ross, M D, Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon W H C Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon E A Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga.
Capt S S Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G S Dausher, Conductor S W Railroad, Ga.
Col B A Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
I F Cox, Pres Fem Col, LaGrange, Ga.
Hon Wm M Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon J T Clark, Conwayboro, S C.

CERTIFICATES:

The following general statement was put to publication by about one-fourth of the whole number of patients under treatment at the time. It was published in Nov., 1869, with no previous intimation to Dr. H. The remainder of the patients were absent at the signing, and had no opportunity of affixing their signatures.

IN voluntarily presenting this communication to the Public, we are impelled by a desire to benefit those who, like ourselves, are afflicted with diseases of the eye, and by a sense of justice to Dr. Hooten, who has permanently established an Infirmary for the Blind in the city of Atlanta, Ga. Dr. Hooten having been blind three years himself, and having been restored to sight by the same system of treatment which he now practices, is well qualified to sympathize with and restore those similarly afflicted.

Dr. H. is a high-toned gentleman, and is candid to a fault. He gives his opinions promptly, and always in strict accordance with the dictates of his judgment. For success and established position he relies on his own knowledge and skill in the practice, and not upon combatting unjust charges made against him. Governed by this line of policy, he has steadily avoided public vindication against any misrepresentations.

Dr. H. does not profess to restore the blind and cure diseased eyes by supernatural agencies—such as the laying on of hands, etc., (as is attributed to him by many)—but to treat the eye on strictly rational and scientific principles, and to use the remedies endorsed by the best authors and practitioners of the profession, together with medical combinations of his own, which twelve years' successful trial has demonstrated to be incomparably superior to any system of treatment known to the medical world.

Dr. Hooten is no adventurer. That he is no humbug, and could not possibly be, however much he might desire it, is at once manifest to all reflecting, impartial minds, for the following reasons: 1. He is permanently located in Atlanta, where the true character of his practice must of necessity be known to all the people. A humbug never locates permanently; he is compelled to keep on the move to avoid detection. 2. He is a Georgian by birth, and is connected with one of the largest, most respectable and influential families in the State. 3. He was educated in part at the State University of Georgia, and graduated in medicine in the Old School at Louisville, Ky., and afterwards attended an extra course of lectures. 4. He has been a regular practicing physician for nineteen years, nearly all of which time has been spent in one of the most intelligent and refined sections of this State. He was eminently successful as a general practitioner, and was held in the highest esteem by his patrons. 5. Dr. H. has now been practicing on the eye as a specialty, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., for nearly twelve months, advertising regularly and extensively in the public journals, and has distributed broadcast over the Southern States his circulars, giving as references the names of a large number of the most respectable and prominent citizens of Georgia, and of other States, together with certificates of persons cured by him, with name, post-office and State strictly specified.

In making this record, we make no adventure—we know whereof we affirm—for many of us, before coming to Dr. H., had exhausted, in vain, the best systems of treatment on the eye known to the medical profession. Many of us came to him blind, and many partially blind: we now see. Many before us came to him blind and partially blind: they have been permanently restored, and have returned home.

The foregoing statements make an array of proof which, we think, cannot fail to disabuse any mind of prejudice that is not wholly beyond the reach of testimony:

Mrs A Turner, Newnan, Ga.
Mrs E A Pass, Gainesville, Ga.
Mrs T Thomas, Franklin, Ga.
Mrs M E Wilkes, Antioch, Ga.
Mrs M A Allen, Montgomery, Ala.
Mrs M Wallace, Marietta, Ga.
Mrs Nancy Barge, Western Ga.
Mrs N Hearn, Palmetto, Ga.
Mrs N L Nelson, Union Springs, Ala.
Mrs E Trammel, Dallas, Ga.
Mrs S R Smith, Kedron, Ga.
Miss M J Huguley, Box Spring, Ga.
Miss N E Puckett, Atlanta, Ga.
Miss H M Phillips, Hogansville, Ga.
Miss M Jackson, Sparta, Ga.
Miss M Brown, Bell Factory, Ala.
Miss M M Lee, Fort Valley, Ga.
Miss N E Foster, Fairburn, Ga.
Miss J G Foster, Fairburn, Ga.
E M Butt, Buena Vista, Ga.
W H Brock, Ford's Store, Ga.
W J James, Fairburn, Ga.
J E Hurt, Glennville, Ala.
J Roberson, Roswell, Ga.
B Camp, Mulberry, Ga.
H R Newsom, LaGrange, Ga.
R W Rowark, Cotton Gin, Texas.
H T Millican, Stone Mountain, Ga.
J R Goodrum, Clevelan, Ga.
G H Livingston, Jr., Montgomery, Ala.
J S Gibson, Gordon, Ga.
W H Bryant, East Point, Ga.
S J Davis, Buchanan, Ala.
J P Russell, Cave Spring, Ga.
W L Isbell, Cedar Town, Ga.
A A Hill, Mulberry, Ga.
M S Hamby, Conyers, Ga.
J B W Jones, Greensboro, Ga.
B Kibbell, Charleston, Tenn.
J F Keebler, Midway, Tenn.
T K McDonald, Dalton, Ga.
J A R Hanks, Dalton, Ga.
M Allen, Antioch, Ga.

For five years I have suffered greatly from Granular Conjunctivitis. For two years I have been blind, and unable to give personal attention to my affairs. The three years previous I was semi-blind. During the five years of my affliction, I tried many physicians, without benefit. The disease gradually settled down into a more hopeless state. In this distressing condition, I placed myself under the treatment of Dr. Hooten three weeks ago. In one week, I could see to make my way alone over the city. In two weeks, I wrote a long letter home to my family with my own hand. To-day, the end of three weeks, I have indulged in reading fine print. I have every reason to believe that I will soon be restored. I have conversed with many persons whom Dr. H. has entirely cured, and I feel safe in advising all who are afflicted with diseased eyes, to make no delay in giving him a trial. Let every friend of suffering humanity, take every opportunity of placing this statement in the hands of the afflicted. C. B. McCUTCHEN.
Atlanta, August 10, 1869.

P.S. After a test of months, the following is added: Dr. H., I am pursuing my regular vocation; my eyes stand every test. The cure is final, and I authorize you to so subscribe my name. C. B. M.
Franklin, Ga., Jan. 3, 1870.

ATLANTA, JAN. 12, 1870.
DR. W. A. HOOTEN: It affords me much pleasure to testify to your great skill in treating diseases of the eye, and to express to you my gratitude for the services rendered my little daughter, now seven years of age. In July, 1868, she had measles, and while she was recovering from the attack, it was discovered that her eyes were severely affected. The disease finally settled in the left eye, which became very much inflamed and the lids granulated. I had her under the treatment of different physicians, and tried different remedies, with no permanent benefit, till her sight was so severely affected, that she could not distinguish objects with the left eye. [illegible] After the disease had run for more than a year, and I had almost despaired of any prospect of a recovery, I put her under your treatment, and [illegible] and she now sees as well with the left eye as with the other. In a word, I consider her [illegible]
Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOSEPH E. BROWN.

Infirmary on the corner Collins and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary. Bills for Professional services, Cash or its equivalent. For Circulars apply to
DR. W. A. HOOTEN, Atlanta, Ga.
jan18-d[illegible]

Important to Farmers and Planters.
MERRYMAN'S RAW-BONE
SUPER-PHOSPHATE FOR COTTON!

THIS Phosphate has proved itself to be the Cheapest, and fully equal to any in the Market. Unsurpassed by the highest-priced Guanos. Its adaptation to
COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, TOBACCO, GARDEN TRUCK, GRASSES, ETC.,
Has been thoroughly and satisfactorily tested. Finely ground and suitable for Drilling. Put up in bags of 167 lbs. each.
O. P. MERRYMAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, BALTIMORE, MD.
Send to Agents for Circulars containing other testimonials from different sections of the State. For sale by
ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.

Near Jonesboro, Ga., Nov. 3, 1869.
Messrs. Abbott & Bro., Atlanta, Ga.—Sirs: In reply to your enquiry, as to the merits of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, I take pleasure in stating that in my opinion there is no Fertilizer in use that is superior to it. I used it on my cotton, and am well pleased with it, and will use it more extensively another year. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all who want a good reliable Fertilizer.
Yours, truly, Ellison Rush.

East Point, Ga., Oct. 21, 1869.
Messrs. Abbott & Bro., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen—The two tons of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, purchased of you last spring, I applied on my cotton and potatoes, with the most satisfactory results. Until this year, I have always used the Chesapeake Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, and I have no hesitancy in saying, after thorough tests, that Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate is fully equal, if not superior to either of the others.
Yours, truly, Joseph Caldwell.
jan15-3m

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS GHOLSTIN, Atlanta.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT
Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND IN TRANSIT:
10,000 BUSHELS Corn from Kentucky and Tennessee.
10,000 BUSHELS Oats, Black, White and Mixed.
1,000 BUSHELS Wheat, Red and White.
200,000 LBS. Prime Timothy Hay.
1,000 POUNDS Prime Feathers, (Live Geese.)
1,000 BARRELS of Flour, Various Grades in Sacks and Barrels.
1,000 TONS Guano—Wilson's Ammoniated Super-Phosphate.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
Corn Whisky, Virginia Apple Brandy, Bacon, Lard, Bulk Meats, Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Apples, Oranges, etc. Lime, Hydraulic Cement, Portable Grates.
Our Consignments Come Direct from Producers and Manufacturers,
And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly. Dealers will find it to their interest to give us a trial.
We are also prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON CONSIGNMENT, and MAKE ADVANCES on the same.
dec15-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

THE OAKLEY MILLS FERTILIZER COMPANY,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Are largely engaged in the manufacture of
Pure Flour of Rawbone,
—AND—
PURE DISSOLVED BONE.
They are also preparing Dickson's Mixture from the Formula furnished them by Mr. Dickson himself, which they warrant and they invite the most scrutinizing analysis. Dickson's formula is no secret, but, as everybody knows, has been repeatedly published. Our principal business is the manufacture of
BONE FLOUR AND DISSOLVED BONE,
which we do better than anybody, but we put up Dickson's preparation for the convenience of parties wanting to buy of us, and if it is not as good or better than the best, we charge nothing for it. We will also prepare in accordance with any formula Planters may desire.
OFFICE, AT GLENN & WRIGHT'S WAREHOUSE.
J. F. NUTTING, Secretary and Treasurer.
dec25-d3m

STANDARD FERTILIZER.
DICKSON'S COMPOUND,
MANUFACTURED BY THE
Dickson Fertilizer Company, Augusta, Ga.
$66 PER TON delivered on Board Cars—Guaranteed Pure, and Manufactured under the direction of Mr David Dickson, of Sparta, Ga. Upon the formula given us by him, no inferior or adulterating material used whatever. Other parties who make a so-called Dickson's Mixture or Dickson's Compound, are not authorized by Mr. Dickson to use his name in the sale of their manipulations. No other
DICKSON'S COMPOUND
is genuine, and upon the true formula, but our own. Persons in doubt, may easily refer to Mr. Dickson, whose address is Sparta, Ga. Look for the Brand on each bag of the Dickson Fertilizer Company, Augusta, Ga., and the Trade Mark of the Dickson Sweep.
J. A. SHIVERS, General Agent.
JAMES T. GARDINER, President. JAMES H. ALEXANDER, Superintendent.
Carroll & Ketchum, Agents,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
dec23-d&w3m

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!
MEADOR & BROTHERS,
Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to their Customers,
AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL—WHOLESALE.

The Schedule of Our Brands:
PUROS Regalia Fina,
Puros Londres de Regalia,
Puros Conchas Finas,
Puros Operas,
Consuelo Regalia Fina, La Crema Regalia Fina,
Gate City Londres de Regalia, Bouquet Londres de Regalia,
City Puff Conchas Finas, Bouquet Conchas Finas,
Empire State Londres, La Maravilla Londres.

With becoming modesty, we place before the public, the finest Cigars made this side of the VUELTA DE ABAJO, known as our CONQUEST BRAND, which comprises the following Vitolas:
IMPERIALS IN BOXES OF 50.
CONCHITAS IN BOXES OF 100.
TRABUCOS IN BOXES OF 250.
AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:
Legal Tender Imperiales, La Dalzara Trabucos,
El Trovador Regalias, El Traviata Regalias,
Flower of the South, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas.

PARTAGAS:
Upmann, Millar; Integridad, Millar; La Quinta Esencia, Londres in boxes of 100 and 50; Jockey El Marinero, La Fama; La Oposicion, the Eagle Brand; Yara, the only Principe Cigar in the Market, Flor de Cuba; La Africana; La Carolina, the cheapest Cigar in the Market; La Reformada, in boxes of 500 Cigars. The standing Brand, La Pratrana, known as our M B mark, consisting of Operas, Conchas, etc.
MEADOR & BROTHERS,
Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta.
jan16-d3m

CLAYTON HIGH SCHOOL,
JONESBORO, GEORGIA.
THE spring session of this School will open on the second Monday in January, under the control of an able corps of teachers. Accessibility, health, thoroughness, and economy recommend this School to the public.
Terms.—For primary class six months $12; for intermediate class, six months, $18; for advanced class, six months, $25. Board $15 per month; Music $[illegible] per month. For further particulars address the Principal, and send for circular.
nov18-d&w2m W. A. NELSON, Principal.

To Cotton Planters.
FOR SALE,
1,000 BUSHELS
GENUINE HUNT
Cotton Seed!
The best Short Staple in the country. Apply to or address J. J. PEARCE, BUTLER & CO., Cotton Factors, Augusta, Ga.
jan29-d1m-w1m

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

LINES

Written to a lady friend, on receiving a bouquet of flowers.

BY E. H. TRUE.

For The Constitution.]

A truer friend can not be found,
Upon this rolling, troubled sphere,
And flowers more sweet do not abound,
Than those you sent our home to cheer.

This world would be a weary waste,
If friendship from the breast was torn;
The cup of woe we all would taste,
And wander through this life forlorn.

But God has planted in the heart
The dearest gift beneath the sun,
Which bids us act a noble part,
And makes us live in unison.

These scenes of life dispel the gloom,
And help to drive "dull care away,"
Along our pathway flowers bloom,
Sweeter than poppies of Cathay.

While storms of discord wreck the land,
And bitter thoughts, they rule the hour,
Let us not leave the pearly strand,
And flee from friendship's balmy bower.

Life's mystic river smoothly flows
Through realms of this enchanted ground,
At every bend there is discovery,
Some dearer object hovering round.

The barks that sail so sweetly past,
Are drawing near that "golden shore,"
And right in front—before the mast—
A form I see—I've seen before.

There friendship stands in queenly power,
Surrounded by her loving band,
No monarch ever saw the hour,
He could control with such a hand.

There's yet another on this deck,
Among the gay and gli tering throng,
To whose kind deeds there is no check,
To her I've cha the this simple song.

The flowers may lose their rosy tints,
And waste their sweetness on the air,
But still the mind retains the prints,
Of the God-like deed and giver fair.

God grant that this may be your dower,
As the sands of life unceasingly flow,
That Heaven's blessings will descend in a shower,
And your "silver years" will sparkle and glow!

MINING UNDER THE SEA.—There is a vast copper mine in England, where shafts extend many hundred yards under the sea. The moaning of the waves as they dash against the rocks, is forever sounding in those gloomy aisles. When the storms come, the sound of the waters becomes so terrific that even the boldest miners can not stay below, but leave their work and come out upon the earth. Overhead are masses of bright copper streaming through the gallery in all directions, traversed by a network of thin red veins of iron, and over all the salt water drips, drips down from tiny crevices in the rock. Immense wealth of metal is contained in these roofs, but no miner dares give it another stroke with his pick-axe. Already there has been one day's work too much upon it, as a huge wedge of wood driven into the rock bears witness. The wedge is all that keeps back the sea from bursting in upon them. Yet there are three tiers of galleries where men work day by day, not knowing but at some fatal hour the flood may be upon them, rendering all escape as hopeless as it was in the days of Noah. The awe-stricken visitor hurries away from the scene with a heart appalled in view of the hourly dangers.

☞ Mother Lamartine tells a story that exquisitely illustrates a mother's love: In some spring freshet, a river wildly washed its shores and rent away a bough whereon a bird had built a cottage for her summer hope. Down the white and whirling stream drifted the green branch, its wicker cup of unfledged song, and fluttering beside it as it went the mother bird. Unheeding the roaring river, on she went, her cries of agony and fear piercing the pauses in the storm. How like the love of the old-fashioned mother, who followed the child she had plucked from her heart all over the world. Swept away by passion that child might be, it mattered not, though he was bearing away with him the fragrance of the shattered roof-tree, yet that mother was with him, a Ruth through all his life and a Rachel at his death.

☞ Not an inch of rain has fallen in some parts of Iowa in the last fifty days. There has been but one rain-fall in seven weeks, and that was on Sunday, the 26th of January. As a result water-carts find profit in hauling at thirty-five cents a barrel.

☞ The gun works in the large establishment known as the "Locomotive Works," in Trenton, N. J., have been sold to the Turkish Government, and are to be removed immediately.

McBRIDE & CO.,

Sole Agents for Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi.

Trade supplied at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Now in store the largest and most splendid stock of Rogers & Sons, Wastenholm's and Marsh's

CUTLERY,

every seen in the South.

Earthen-ware, Glass-ware, Silver-Plated-ware,

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

feb9-dtf

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, jan13-dly Charleston, S. C.

ZELL'S AMMONIATED BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

The Best Fertilizer Known. For Sale by

H. J. HIGHTOWER & CO.,

ALSO BY J. C. HALLMAN & CO. PEACHTREE STREET.

Corner Broad and Mitchell streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

jan30-dlm

"Direct Trade with Europe."

J. H. ASHBRIDGE, of New Orleans.
J. S. HUTTON, of Macon, Georgia.

J. H. ASHBRIDGE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL

PURCHASING AGENTS

LIVERPOOL.

ASHBRIDGE, SMITH & CO., NEW ORLEANS.

Consignments Solicited. Particular attention given to the sale of Southern Lands to European Capitalists and intending Immigrants. Orders for Foreign Goods executed on best Possible Terms. may1-dly

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

jan8 d6m

THE

Wando Fertilizer

FOR

Cotton, Corn, Wheat,

VEGETABLES, ETC., ETC.

Manufactured at Charleston, S. C., from Carolina Phosphate. As a crop grower and improver of the soil, it has no superior.

W. H. Fisher, Agent

At McDaniel, Strong & Co.

Terms $60 Cash—Time Price $75, payable 1st November, for approved paper. feb25-d1tawlm

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

—:o:—

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

Through Passenger Trains Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--5:50 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West via Louisville.

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

—:o:—

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

—:o:—

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

—:o:—

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

—:o:—

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

—:o:—

Baggage Checked Through

—:o:—

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent.
nov28-d3m

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale to

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERTS,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

aprl3-dly

66

HAVING lately removed into Thrasher's new building, just opposite my former location, the public will do well to take

KNOWLEDGE

That, with a much more convenient house than before, I will be better able to serve them than ever. It

IS

Generally conceeded and universally known that my system of business enables me to sell Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings at a much lower price than our credit merchants can afford, thus giving the people the

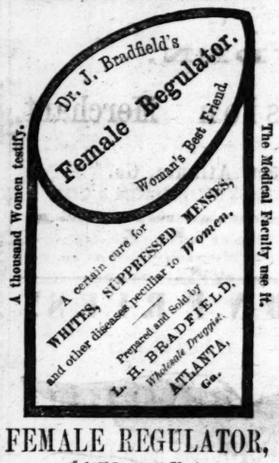
POWER

To clothe their feet decently at a small expense. Do not fail to call at

I. T. BANKS',

nov16-[sep18] No. 66 Whitehall street.

FEMALE REGULATOR.



FEMALE REGULATOR,

$1.50 per Bot.

SUCCESS

UNPRECEDENTED!

Atlanta Department

SOUTHERN LIFE

Insurance Company.

Gen. JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't.

Progress UNEQUALLED by any Southern Company.

Over One Million Dollars of Insurance applied for monthly.

Secure. Its ratio of Assets to Liabilities scarcely excelled.

Economy. Strict economy in management is its prominent feature.

Expenses. Only about one half that of similar organizations of same age.

Popular. Its very rapid increase of business is proof.

Careful Selection of Risks is proven by extraordinary light losses.

Assets Over $600,000 00, and very rapidly increasing.

Policy-holders now number nearly 4,500.

All desirous of insuring are invited to examine our claims.

Active and Experienced Agents Wanted.

des dtf W. C. MORRIS, Secretary.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS AND MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

257 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,

257 Canal Street,

Between Broadway and Eagles' Hotel.

nov23-dly

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta. - - - - Georgia.

POST-OFFICE BOX 90.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Orders addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

All work warranted.

Also, Agents for Georgia Slate. oct31-d6m

MARBLEIZED

SLATE MANTELS,

RICH AND ELEGANT DESIGNS.

More durable and at half the price of Marble. Carefully packed and shipped to any part of the country. Send for circular.

T. B. STEWART & CO.,

feb1-d3m 625 Sixth Ave., New York.

WM. WOOD & CO.,

UPHOLSTERERS AND UPHOLSTERERS, keep on hand all qualities of Fish's Metallic Rolled Cotton; also, all kinds of Wool Cotton. Will pay cash for Wool, Cotton or Hair. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Factory on Marietta street, near the Car Shops. Office on Whitehall street, next door to Express Office—second story, near the Post-office. All orders will be promptly attended to.

aprl3-dly.

Pacific Guano Company's Soluble

PACIFIC GUANO.

CAPITAL $1,000,000—PRICE $72.50cts PER TON.

THESE Guanos differ from Peruvian Guano simply in the relative proportions of the same elements of fertility. Its use during the past four years for the culture of Cotton and Corn, has given it a character for standard excellence unsurpassed by genuine Peruvian Guano, and when seasons of drought intervene, it produces a larger increase of crops.

The price at which the Guano is placed, is so much below that of Peruvian Guano, as to constitute it an object of material importance to Southern Agriculture.

The large capital and resources of the Company enable it to furnish a Guano of the highest value at the lowest possible cost to consumers, and the highest interest of the Company is recognized in this policy. The Company look to large sales, small profits and a permanent trade for compensation in capital invested. Dr. St. Julien Ravenel, of South Carolina, is Scientific Director to the Company, which affords a sure guarantee of the continued excellence of the Guano. None genuine unless branded with the name of John S. Reese & Co., General Agents of the Pacific Guano Company. For terms and mode of application, apply to

ADAIR & BRO. Agents,
61 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Pacific Guano Company's

COMPOUND

Acid Phosphate of Lime,

FOR COMPOSITING WITH COTTON SEED.

Price $32 Gold Per Ton.

THIS article is Manufactured at the Company's Works, under the direction and superintendence of Dr. Ravenel. It contains the same elements of fertility as Soluble Pacific Guano, except that it is not furnished with Ammonia. It is prepared expressly for compositing with cotton seed, which furnishes the element of Ammonia; the object being to render that side product of the plantation available to the highest degree as an element of fertility. For further and particular information, apply to the undersigned.

ADAIR & BRO., Agents,
dec10-3m 61 Whitehall S reet, Atlanta, Ga.

HOME EVIDENCE.

WE call especial attention of Planters to the Letters of Judge John D. Pope and Senator W. C. Smith, and others that we will publish hereafter in regard to the use of the Soluble Pacific Guano We believe there is none better for Cotton and Corn than the S. P. Guano.

Respectfully,
ADAIR & BRO., Agents.

SENATOR W. C. SMITH'S LETTER.

Grantville, Ga., November 12, 1869.

MESSRS. ADAIR & BRO., ATLANTA, GA.

GENTS—In reply to your inquiries in regard to the Soluble Pacific Guano bought of you last Spring, I have taken some pains to get facts from my neighbors, for whom I purchased, and condensed the following statement, the reliability of which is unquestionable: W. J. Sewell used Soluble Pacific Guano, about 200 pounds to the acre, on red and grey land. Seasons were remarkably dry, never rained enough to wet an inch deep from 17th day of June to November 16th, made about 1,200 pounds per acre, and tested as follows: Left one row with no Guano for a given length, and one row with Guano same length, counted stalks and bolls of each row, and found there was a little more than double as many bolls on the Guanoed row, and the bolls nearly twice as large.

W. S. Smith used about same quantity of same kind of Land, and made over three times as much Cotton per acre on the Guanoed Land as he did on the same kind of Land without Guano.

T. J. Lambert used it on old Land, very much worn, had been cleared 30 years, and made about 600 pounds Cotton per acre, and thinks his crop was cut off fully one-half by drought. On one row through the middle of the field unguanoed, he did not make one-fourth as much as on the Guanoed row.

T. C. Moreland, a large Planter, has been experimenting with different Fertilizers, and says his experience with Soluble Pacific Guano is more satisfactory than with any other. Thinks it equal to any. I have been using different kinds of Fertilizers with pretty much the same result as stated above by others.

Yours Respectfully,
W. C. SMITH.

JUDGE JOHN D. POPE'S LETTER.

Atlanta, Ga., January 24, 1870.

MESSRS. ADAIR & BRO.

GENTS—I used last year on my Cotton Land, in DeKalb County, 400 pounds per acre, of Soluble Pacific Guano bought of you. The Land was thin and the seasons extremely dry, and a large part of the crop was lost on account of the drought. Notwithstanding these disadvantages, I am satisfied that I got my money back, and at least $20 per cent. profit. If the drought had not come on at a critical time with the crop, I believe the profit on what I invested in Guano, would have been as much 100 per cent.

Respectfully,
JOHN D. POPE.

Jan28-dlm

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,
Sourness of the Stomach,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,
Costiveness, Fever, Ague,
Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

RANDOLPH COUNTY, ALA.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I do hereby certify that your Liver Medicine, has cured my wife of the Sick Headache, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering with it. She was afflicted all her life—at least thirty-five years. Has no symptoms now. JAMES B. JONES.

RANDOLPH CO., ALA., JAN. 2, 1865.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I take pleasure in saying to you, that my wife has been afflicted for twelve years, and after taking a few portions of your Liver Medicine, was restored to her wonted health, and remains so, with very little symptom of the Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint.

JOEL FOWLER.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-dly West Point, Ga.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. jun20-dly

VULCAN WORKS,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

S. B. LOWE,

GENERAL PARTNER,

ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
TIRE,
ROUNDS,
SQUARES,
HORSE SHOE,
BAND,
HOOP,
PLOW PLATE, etc.

—ALSO—

To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom.

HAMMERED CAR AXLES,
DRIVING AXLES,
BRIDGE BOLTS,
Freight and Passenger Car Irons, complete,
PISTON RODS,
SHAFTING.

—ALSO—

All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES.

Address S. B. LOWE
apr22-dly Chattanooga, Tenn.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, Macon, Ga., December 24, 1869.

IN consequence of the opening of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, and there being now two routes from Macon to four ports, shippers of cotton will please mark on Bill of Lading the route by the point of shipment by which route they wish to forward.

dec28-d3m H. W. BROWNE, M. T.

NO EXCUSE FOR IDLENESS—$100 A MONTH made by Ministers, Teachers, Intelligent Young Men, Ladies, Farmers' Sons, &c., by selling the IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. It makes the elastic lock stitch, and will sew, gather, stitch, hem, braid, bind and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $25. Fully warranted for three years. For simplicity and durability it has no equal. Experienced agents are constantly employed. TRAVELING AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. For Circulars and terms to agents, address RECORD & CO., Box 118, West Point, Ga. dec22-d6m

DR. RICHAU'S

GOLDEN REMEDIES,

ASK for no other, take no other, and you will save time, health and money.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1 cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Cutaneous or Skin Eruptions, Copper Colored Blotches, Soreness of the Scalp, Scrofula, &c.; is the greatest Renovator, Alterative and Blood Purifier known, removes all diseases from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Mercurial Affections, Rheumatism in all its forms, whether from mercury or other causes; gives immediate relief in all cases. No dieting necessary. I have thousands of Certificates proving the miraculous cures effected by these Remedies. PRICE of either No. 1 or No. 2, $5.00 per bottle, or two bottles for $9.00.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ANTIDOTE, a safe, speedy, pleasant and radical cure, for all Urinary Derangements, accompanied with full directions PRICE $5.00 per bottle.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ELIXIR D'AMOUR, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in old or young; imparting energy with wonderful effect. PRICE, $5.00 per bottle or two bottles for $9.00.

On receipt of price these remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all correspondents. None genuine without the name of "DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES, D. B. RICHARDS, sole Proprietor," blown in glass of bottles. Address

DR. D. RICHARDS,
No. 226 Varick St., New York.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Circulars sent. july4-dly

DR. W. G. DRAKE,

Late of Alabama,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the citizens of Atlanta, and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession. Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation, and Ulceration of the Womb, successfully treated without the use of Caustic, the Knife, or those frequent instrumental examinations so mortifying to the patient, and so necessary in the practice adopted by the great majority of Physicians. The patient can, in every instance, apply the remedies. Ladies if they prefer it, can consult him at his residence.

REFERENCES:

Dr. J. S. Pemberton, Atlanta, Ga; Ex-Gov. John Gill Shorter, H. E. Shorter, Eufala, Ala.; Gen. H. D. Clayton, Jefs M. Williams, Esq., Clayton, Ala.; Rev. L. Baker, J. W. L. Daniel, Esq., Midway, Ala.

Office at Pemberton, Wilson, Taylor & Co's Drug Store. Residence near the corner of Baker and Peachtree streets. jan19-dly

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

ALL persons having demands against Benjamin F. King, deceased, late of said county, are hereby notified and required to present them, properly attested to A. M. Reinhardt, (office in Railroad Block, Atlanta, Ga.,) attorney for the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law. And all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned, through said A. M. Reinhardt. This January 11, 1870.

MARY A. KING, Executrix.
jan12-d1aw W. J. BOSTON, Executor.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

I AM now prepared to make Boots and Shoes of all descriptions to order. If you want Cork Sole, Box-toed, Water Proof, Light Stitch, or Pumps of the Finest French Calf Skin, I can furnish them to you at short notice, and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the best English Leather. Fancy Gaiters for ladies made in the most approved style. Clark Lousance, the best workman in the city, is my Foreman, he formerly worked with Parish.

Call and see me at my shop on Pryor street, in front of the Theater, if you want the finest and best fitting boot in town.

Jan26-dly CHARLES HUGHES.

Murray & Lanman's

Florida Water,

The most celebrated and most delightful of all perfumes, for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, and in the bath, for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers

jan25-dly

A. ERGENZINGER.

UPHOLSTERER & DEALER

IN

FURNITURE,

AND MANUFACTURER OF BEDDING.

Hunter Street, 3 doors from Whitehall, Atlanta. jan7-dlm

Early Cotton Seed.

WE have few Bushels of the original "Boyd Prolific" Cotton Seed for sale. These seed have been carefully selected for Ten Years by Dr. Hunter, and the past season the entire crop yielded one pound of Lint to every two and seven-tenths pounds of Seed Cotton.

Price reasonable. Apply soon to

McDANIEL & STRONG,
jan28-6t Atlanta, Ga.

LAMP OILS.

GOODS.

Separate from my Oil business, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE. I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy,	1,000 lbs. Candy—assorted,	Raisins, Figs, Currants,	
Pearl Grits,	Citron, Canned Fruits, Dates,	Cranberries, Pickles in bottles,	
Buckwheat Flour,	20 kinds Crackers—fresh,	Sour Crout, Sardines,	
Hams—new sugar-cured,	Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon,	Bologna Sausages, Jellies, Jams,	
Breakfast Bacon,	Oranges, Lemons,	Apples in quantity,	
Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,	Dressed Poultry,	Java Coffee—old Gov't,	
	Pickled Pigs Feet, etc. etc.		

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and SWEET JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country Merchants would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

☞ My OIL WAGON will start soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE or PETRO OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

No Oil kept in Grocery Department.

JOHN T. HAGAN,
Sign Red Flag.
dec12-d6m

No. 76 FALL STOCK. No. 76

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

WHITEHALL STREET,

Offer to the Trade the Celebrated Velocipede Brand

DOUBLE WARP BLACK ALPACAS,

THIRTY-TWO INCHES WIDE—SURPASSING ALL OTHERS

WE also offer to the trade a large Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, and Ready-Made Clothing. Having bought early in the season, at rates much lower than the present, we will offer

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.

To meet the increased demand, we have, in addition to our sale Room on the first floor, fitted up the second floor above, exclusively for the Wholesale Trade. This room is large and commodious, well lighted and ventilated. Buyers are respectfully requested to inspect Our Stock, and we guarantee full satisfaction. Wholesale Department Upstairs.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
sep26-dtf Whitehall Street.

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER FOR COTTON, CORN, WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of Georgia and South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only the yield, but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing highly necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being in common use. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., September, 1869.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a most reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of Georgia and South Carolina. THOMAS M. WILLINGHAM.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 4000 lbs. 1st, on approved city acceptance.

B. L. WILLINGHAM,

General Supervising Agents for South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama.

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

Manufacturers and General Agents, Savannah, Georgia.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS,

nov20—d6.m Atlanta, Georgia.

A New and Superior Variety of Cotton,

WITH FROM 200 TO 300 OPEN BOLLS ON THE STALK.

THE HOLMES EARLY PROLIFIC.

THE EARLIEST MATURING AND LARGEST PRODUCING COTTON KNOWN.

Parties ordering these Seed by the quantity will be supplied at the rate of seven dollars per bushel. Single bushel, eight dollars.

These seed are guaranteed to mature three to four weeks earlier than any other variety.

The Subscriber offers the Seed of the above named Variety of Cotton Recommending it:

1ST. ON Account of its early maturity; and 2d. Its immense yield. This is the first introduction of it into Georgia. It has stood a thorough and severe test on the River Lands of the Mississippi. Four years ago, a few seed (not more than twelve or fifteen) were brought by a traveler from California; and since that time I have been growing and increasing my crops of it, and every season have met with success. It has improved in early maturity and productiveness—in both has proved itself a wonderful variety, and not to myself alone, but to every one who has grown it or seen it grow:

For Want of Space I Can Only Offer a Few Testimonials:

Selma, Ala. July 22, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES—Dear Sir: Your favor of the 9th inst., duly received, and I have delayed writing you, than your early prolific Cotton might further develop what it was likely to do. It has surpassed my expectations, and is the wonder of the farming community, who are watching its daily growth with great anxiety, and is visited by them as they come to town both far and near. The stand is not good, because we planted it sparingly, you recollect; then the cut worm in the spring injured it. It has not far grown very tall—say four to five feet—but has limbed out from bottom to top—has twice as much cotton, the planters say, as is general on their farms, and full as well matured, although we planted it three weeks later. There are from 100 to 300 bolls now on the stalks.

Very truly,
J. F. DENNIS, Cotton Factor.

Selma, Ala., September 4, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Your favor of the 3d inst., just to hand and contents noted. I am very much pleased with the early prolific Cotton. It has come fully up to the description you gave it. In some instances there are three bolls to the joint, and from eight to twelve bolls to the limb. But I consider its greatest merit to be its early maturity. I am satisfied my little patch was three weeks early than an adjoining lot, planted on the same day mine was, (28th April). I am am also pleased to say that the staple is unusually long and fine.

Yours, very truly,
W. S. KNOX, Cotton Factor.

Union Springs, Ala., Sept. 6, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES—Dear Sir: The Early Prolific Cotton is fully three or four weeks earlier in its maturity than any other Cotton planted in this neighborhood; at least, it has proved so with the experiment I made with it this year. I planted the Dixon on the 10th of April, and finished on the 17th with Peeler; yours on the 1st of May. Your Early Cotton had the first blooms. I shall give it a fair trial the next year, and will give you the result if desired.

Yours, most truly,
E. TROUP RANDALL.

PLANTERS ARE CAUTIONED

Against purchasing from other parties than my authorized Agents, as I have not more than one thousand or twelve hundred bushels of these Seed for Sale.

Specimen stalks of this Cotton, containing 200 to 300 open and grown bolls, are exhibited in the Agricultural Warehouse of SAM. A. ECHOLS, where persons visiting Atlanta are invited to call and examine this Cotton for themselves.

Arrangements are made to supply parties wishing to plant only a small quantity of these Seed, by having them put up in small bags, neatly done up, and sent by Express or as otherwise directed—price $2.

Orders for these small parcels, sufficient to plant three-quarters of an acre, must be made to

H. J. HOLMES, Atlanta, Ga.

Agents for the Sale of These Seed:

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS, Atlanta, Ga.
JUDGE J. FLETCHER JOHNSON, Montgomery, Ala.
J. F. DERRIS, Selma, Ala.
COLONEL LOCK, Union Springs, Ala.
SNAPPER & SMITH, Charleston, S. C.

For my standing in Elbert county, I respectively refer the public to Mr. T. W. J. Echols, Atlanta, Ga.; Colonel Spratlin, Fort Valley, Ga.; Hon. Wm. H. Starkey, Hon. T. F. Wharton, Jackson, Miss.

Jan28 dtf